

Sheriff.....Chas. W. Anderson
Clerk.....John F. Hume
Register.....John F. Hume
Treasurer.....John F. Hume
Prosecuting Attorney.....John F. Hume
Judge of Probate.....John F. Hume
Circuit Court Commissioner.....John F. Hume
Surveyor.....John F. Hume

South Branch.....O. F. Hume
Heaver Creek.....Charles H. Hume
Hills Forest.....Wm. S. Chalmers
Grayling.....John F. Hume
Fredrick.....C. Craven

President.....John F. Hume
Clerk.....John F. Hume
Treasurer.....John F. Hume
Trustees: S. N. Insley, H. W. Brink, Hans Petersen, C. Clark, L. Forsgren, A. Kraus.

Methodist Episcopal Church.
Pastor Rev. E. G. Johnson. Preaching, 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sabbath school, 10:45 a. m. Epworth League, 6:00 p. m. Bible study, Monday 7:30 p. m. Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:00 p. m. All cordially invited to attend.

Presbyterian Church.
Regular church services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service, V. P. S. C. E. at 6:00 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:00 o'clock. Rev. W. D. Macgregor, Pastor.

Methodist Protestant Church.
Rev. R. Cunningham, Pastor. Services as follows: Preaching, 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sabbath school, 11:30 a. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday 7 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend the above services.

Danish Ev. Lutheran Church.
Rev. A. C. Klidgaard, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

St. Mary's Catholic Church.
Services every first and third Sunday of the month. Confession on the preceding Sunday. On Sunday, mass at 10 o'clock a. m.; Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.; Vespers and Benediction at 7 o'clock p. m. On the Monday after the third Sunday mass at 6 o'clock a. m. "Standard time" G. Goodhouse, Pastor; J. J. Riss, Assistant.

Grayling Lodge No. 355 F. & A. M.
Meets in regular communication on Thursday evening on or before the full of the moon.
J. F. Hume, Secretary.

Marvin Post No. 240, G. A. R.
Meets the second and fourth Saturdays in each month.
A. TAYLOR, Post Com.
A. L. POND, Adjutant.

Women's Relief Corps, No. 162.
Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays at 10 o'clock in the afternoon.
MRS. MARG. JEROME, President.
MRS. AGNES HARRISON, Sec.

Grayling Chapter R. A. M. No. 120
Meets every third Tuesday in each month.
R. D. CONNINE, H. P.
T. C. McDONALD, Sec.

Grayling Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 137
Meets every Tuesday evening.
PETER BORCHERS, Sec.

Crawford Tent, K. O. T. M. M. 192
Meets first and third Saturdays of each month.
J. J. COLLEN, Com.
T. NOLAN, R. K.

Grayling Chapter, O. E. S., No. 88
Meets Wednesday evening on or before the full of the moon.
MRS. EMMA WHEELER, W. M.
MISS JOSEPHINE RUSSELL, Sec.

Court Grayling, I. O. F., No. 760
Meets second and last Wednesday of each month.
A. W. HARRINGTON, C. R.
F. M. FREELAND, R. S.

Companion Court Grayling No. 652, I. O. F.
Meets the second and last Wednesday each month at Macgregor Hall, over H. Petersen's store.
MARIA HAMMOND, C. R.
ANNA E. HARRINGTON, R. S.

Crawford Hive, 690, L. O. T. M. M.
Meets first and third Friday of each month.
EMMA AMOS, Lady Com.
ANNIE EISENHARTER, Record Keeper.

Garfield Circle, No. 16, Ladies of the G. A. R.
Meets the second and fourth Friday evening in each month.
MRS. WM. FAIRBOTHAM, President.
CORDELIA McCLAIN, Secretary.

Crawford County Grange, No. 984
Meets at G. A. R. Hall, first and third Saturday of each month at 1 p. m.
ELIZA BROTT, Master.
S. B. BROTT, Secretary.

M. W. O. A. Camp No. 10428.
Meets alternate Thursday evenings at G. A. R. Hall.
ED. G. CLARK, V. G.
M. A. BATES, Clerk.

Grayling Rebekah Lodge No. 352 I. O. O. F.
Meets every Monday evening.
JENSON, G.
ANNA E. EISENHARTER, Sec.

Grayling Lodge 473 I. B. of M. of W. E.
Meets last Thursday of each month.
H. LEBARD, Pres.
A. OSTRANDER, Sec. and Treas.

Skandinavien F. F.
Meets the 2nd and 4th Saturday of each month.
FERN SVENSEN, President.
JOHN OLSON, Secretary.

S. N. Insley, M.D.
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store.

Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m.
Residence on Peninsula Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

H. H. Merriman, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE:
East of Opera House.
Night Calls at residence, first house south of M. E. Church.

C. C. Wescott
DENTIST

OFFICE:
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.
Office hours: 8:30-11 a. m. 1-3:30 p. m.

J. W. Tomlinson M. D.
Physician and Surgeon

Grayling, Michigan

Office over Post Office.
Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. House calls, day and night, and one block north of central home. All calls promptly answered. Night calls given from residence.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.
MARIUS HANSON
PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.
MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

GEO. L. ALEXANDER
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Pine Lands
Bought and sold on Commission.
None-Residents' Lands looked after.
Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of Bank of Grayling.

J. O. CUNNINGHAM
ATTORNEY AT LAW

Solicitor in Chancery,
Office over Peterson's old Jewelry Store

O. Palmer
ATTORNEY-AT LAW

AND NOTARY
Prosecuting Attorney for Crawford Co.
FIRE INSURANCE.

An Ideal Laxative.
Phyllis and Goshard's which purges, cures the bowels, and gives temporary relief, and irritates and weakens the digestive and excretory organs. Laxative is not a habit-forming drug, or a cathartic, or a truth from falsehood. They nourish the bowels, muscles and nerves, giving them strength and vigor to do the work nature intended them to do. They are a permanent cure for perfectly safe and natural means. They are not habit-forming, and do not cause constipation, or any other trouble. They are a natural, safe, and reliable, easy to take, never give or cause trouble. 25c. 50c. and \$1.00 at all drug stores.

For sale at Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

Facts About Lake Erie.
Lake Erie has the largest number of islands of 100,000 population or upwards. The Superior has no city in that lake, nor has Lake Huron one near the 100,000 limit. Lake Ontario has only one—and that a Canadian port—unless Rochester, which has Charlotte for a port and lies several miles inland, is included.

Strength of Grindstones.
The strength of a grindstone appears from recent tests to vary widely with the degree of its wetness or dryness. Stones that are dry showing tensile strengths of from 146 to 177 pounds per square inch, but after soaking over night breaking under stresses of 80 to 116 pounds per square inch.

Brunettes Have the Call.
A physician is responsible for a statement which is at once novel and surprising. He declares that the chances of dark women of obtaining husbands are to those of fair women in the proportion of three to two, and that this conclusion is proved by statistics.

Sea of Galilee Ferry Line.
The Lake of Gennesaret in Palestine, called also the Sea of Galilee and the Sea of Tiberias, famed for the miracles Christ performed there, has just been profaned by the appearance of a modern steamer, which will take passengers to the little villages on its shores.—N. Y. World.

Queer Birth Offerings.
A singular birth custom prevails in Yorkshire. In parts of the West Riding it is quite common for visitors to a house in which a new baby has appeared to carry with them as an offering to the infant a new laid egg, some salt, a piece of bread and, in some cases, a penny.

Flower Symbols.
January, the snowdrop. February, the primrose. May, the violet. April, the daisy. May, the hawthorne. June, the honeysuckle. July, the water lily. August, the poppy. September, the morning glory. October the hop blossom. November, the chrysanthemum. December, the holly.

The Church and the Masses.
Speaking generally, the masses of our city people seem either to live voluntarily outside the pale of religious influences, or, if willing to come into faithful contact with such influences, to be but little attracted or affected by them.—Exchange.

Consolation in Sorrow.
Let a friendly heart divine our sorrows and force us to confess them, and we find in this confession a consolation a thousand times sweeter than the absolute silence which flattered our pride.—Viscountess De Lanchey.

Hope for Humanity.
Let us face the future with courage and with faith for all the ages that have come and gone, not one has such hope for humanity as the twentieth century.—Josiah Strong.

The Smallest Potted Plants.
German women collect what are supposed to be the smallest potted plants in the world. They are earth growing in pots about the size of a thimble.

Distinctive Dress for Waiters.
New York hotel proprietors and the officers of some clubs are seriously considering the matter of compelling waiters to wear blue cloth dress suits, in order that they might be distinguished from the guests, whose evening attire is precisely the same as that worn by the hotel waiters.

M. SIMPSON

SUCCESSOR TO

W. JORGENSEN

MAKES HIS BOW

To the buying public, and presents his first statement. He intends to fully sustain the enviable reputation of this general store in the

Quality, Quantity and Prices of all Goods.

In order to make room for his large selection of Seasonable Goods

He will farther cut the price on all lines that would have to be carried over the season to such an extent that it will be to your interest to buy now. Come and see me and be convinced. Read the list given below.

Mens', Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

\$3.50 Shoes for - - \$2.50 \$2.50 Shoes for - - \$1.50
3.00 " for - - 2.00 2.00 " for - - 1.00

All shoes sold accordingly. They must go!

We must have the room!

SPECIAL SALE!

Men's Working Shirts 25c to \$1.50

Men's Dress Shirts 39c to \$2.00

Men's Work and Dress Pants 40c to \$2.00

Dress Goods, woolen, 18c to 75c a yd.

Prints and Gingham 5³/₄c to 12c a yd.

Silks, Velvets, Laces, Embroideries, Insertions, Hosiery, Underwear at values never hard of in Grayling.

We must have room for new stock!

Yours
For Bargains

M. SIMPSON.

Michigan State News

IMMERSED AMID ICE FLOES.

St. Joseph Converts to New Religion.

Convinced that the ceremony would cleanse them of the sins of the world, sixteen converts, mostly women and young girls, to a new religious sect, which has sprung up in the foreign colony in St. Joseph, walked down to the beach Sunday and were immersed amid the ice floes of Lake Michigan. They were dressed in ordinary attire and as they came from the waters shivering with cold as a result of the exposure, they sang the hymns of the new faith, declaring themselves delivered. A throng of 300 people witnessed the ceremonies and much indignation was expressed against the preachers who immersed the converts, but no violence was attempted. The new religion has caused much trouble in many families.

CARTRIDGES DID NOT FIT.

Lovers of St. Joseph Youth Lives to Remember Jilted.

Rejected by the girl he loved, Gustav Baum, 18 years old, made an ineffectual attempt to end his life by shooting in St. Joseph. Placing a pistol at his temple, Baum pulled the trigger several times. Friends wrested the weapon from him, finding that the revolver was rim fire and that Baum had tried to discharge center fire cartridges. Baum was arrested for disorderly conduct and when arraigned in justice court pleaded his case in so pathetic a manner as to secure suspended sentence, providing he would promise not to again attempt his life and in future to forget his love troubles. "It was bad enough to have the girl throw me, but I could not stand to have the fellows kid me," said young Baum.

PLAINWELL MANSLAUGHTER.

Arrest Mrs. Neely for the Second.

Mrs. David Neely was rearrested in Plainwell on a charge of manslaughter. She is the Christian Scientist who is charged with gross negligence in connection with the death of her 2-year-old child Dec. 29, 1907. The charge, which involves two Christian Science healers, states that Mrs. Neely did not call in medical attendance, but took the word of the healers that the child was suffering from spinal meningitis. It developed later that the child died of pneumonia. The former charge against Mrs. Neely was dropped due to the fact that an error was found in the warrant.

DEFALCATION FIGURES GROW.

Investigation Indicates that Fraternal Fund Is Short \$125,000.

Further investigation into the defalcations of Secretary W. L. Wilkison of the United Home Protection Fraternity have increased the figures of the shortage to \$125,000, and it is feared that they may total \$150,000. Wilkison is in jail in Port Huron on the verge of collapse. He was arraigned on the charge of embezzling \$75,000. He refused to plead, and Justice Benedict directed that a plea of not guilty be entered. Wilkison waived the reading of the information. His bail was fixed at \$50,000.

HANGS FOR BREAKING PLEDGE.

Muskegon Man's Body Found Suspended from Rafter.

Dependent over the fact that he had been out of work for a long time, with his money almost gone and because he had broken the pledge to abstain from drink, Fred Anderson, aged 51, committed suicide by hanging himself to a rafter in the woodshed of his home in Muskegon. The body was found at 6 o'clock the next morning, by his eldest daughter, who suspected that her father had made away with himself.

ROADS MUST KEEP UP SERVICE.

Michigan Lines Will Be Brought to Time by State Commission.

As a result of the nine-hour law Michigan railroads are beginning to curtail their service. Each day the railroad commission is in receipt of letters from people living at small stations where agent or operator has been taken away and sent to some other place. Chairman Glasgow said: "We are inclined to be lenient for sixty or ninety days and then will compel the railroads to obey the law and give proper service."

SAYS GOOD-BYE: KILLED.

Charles Hitchcock's Skull Is Crushed by Fall from Train.

Charles Hitchcock, of White Pigeon, was killed by falling from a Lake Shore train after he had bid departing friends good-bye. Hitchcock attempted to get off backwards. He fell and struck his head, crushing his skull. The train was moving rapidly. The brakeman saw the accident and signalled the train to stop. Hitchcock was about 35 years old. He leaves a widow.

Two Children Cremated.

In a fire that destroyed the home of Ben Boutel at Lovell, two children, 3 months old and 5 years old respectively, were cremated. Their charred bodies were found near a window where the elder had wheeled the baby in an effort to save their lives.

Incarceration Is Charged.

Stratton's livery barn in Holland was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of about \$2,000, covered by insurance. As a result John Fox, a discharged employee, is held in jail charged with incendiarism.

Wife-Shooter Is Guilty.

John Miller, the Westphalia township farmer, who shot his wife in the leg, inflicting wounds from which she later died, pleaded guilty to manslaughter in Circuit Court in St. Johns. Judge Searles sentenced Miller to Lonia for a term of seven to fourteen years.

Underground Railroad Refugee Dies.

"Uncle Ike" Dossy, an aged colored man who was born a slave, escaped by the "underground railroad" to Philadelphia, and came to Lansing, thirty years ago. He was 73 years old.

Killed by Falling Ship.

As the result of a broken cable attached to a ship in the old Osceola mine at Calumet, one man was killed and two seriously injured, one of whom is not expected to live. The three men were employed at the bottom of the shaft when the cable attached to the car broke, and the contents fell upon them.

MERRILL IS FIRED SWEET.

Town Is Helpless When Engines Break Down.

A heavy loss by fire occurred at Merrill at 4 o'clock on a recent morning. The fire was started by spontaneous combustion in the oil room of J. H. Whitney's hardware store, and spread to disabled engines, gutting great headway. J. H. Whitney's loss on stock is \$10,000 and on building \$2,500, partially insured; Holmes D. Packard's drug stock damaged \$2,500, insured; Mrs. John Murray's loss on drug building is \$2,200, insured; George McVicker, general store, loss on stock \$1,200, no insurance; J. H. Hudson, loss on post-office fixtures \$1,200, fully insured; State bank of Merrill, loss on postoffice building \$1,000, insured. The fire was got under control at 8 o'clock.

BOY SHOOT TWO GIRLS.

Peculiar Circumstances Surround A Safe New Menominee.

Although the use of her right arm is permanently lost and her breathing made difficult by gunshot wounds, Miss Kate Lenz, daughter of Frank Lenz, a farmer, refuses to testify against Anton Schick, who by the accidental discharge of a gun which he pointed at Miss Lenz and his sister, Mary Schick, seriously wounded them as they were walking along a country road near Menominee. The boy having just returned from a hunting trip, met the two girls, took aim and said, "Look out, I am going to shoot you." When arrested the boy exhibited no signs of emotion over the affair.

LUMBER MEN ADMIT REBATING.

Stearns Company Pleads Guilty to 20 Counts on Indictment.

The Stearns Salt and Lumber Company of Ludington, indicted on a charge of violating the interstate commerce law, in the United States District Court in Grand Rapids, pleaded guilty to twenty counts charging rebating on shipments of lumber from Ludington to Toledo, over the Pere Marquette railroad. The state provides a fine of from \$1,000 to \$20,000 on each count. Justus S. Stearns, former Secretary of State for Michigan and a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor several years ago, is president of the Stearns Salt and Lumber Company.

MICHIGAN TIMBER NEARLY GONE.

Will Disappear in Thirty Years Without Reforestation, It Is Said.

According to statistics compiled by E. D. Cowles, the annual lumber cut in Michigan has dwindled to considerably less than half of what it was in 1880, which was the bumper year. The total production in 1907 was 1,745,534,000 feet, a reduction of 30 per cent from the output of 1900. Unless reforestation is extensively adopted, it is said, Michigan lumber will be practically exhausted in thirty years.

SHORT STATE ITEMS.

John Cameron was found dead in his barn at Watertown.

Bedford township has voted to bond for a new \$50,000 school building.

Half the business section of Middleville was destroyed by fire. Loss \$55,000.

Anton Jensen of Manistowick drank strychnine in whisky in an Escanaba saloon and died.

Martin Lichte, a former business man of Lansing and Bancroft, is dead at Fort Worth, Texas. He was 60 years old.

James N. Ockerman, prohibitionist and Sunday school worker, is dead at his home in Burton. He was 50 years old.

Gladstone Dowie, the "unkissed," was severely injured in a runaway in Muskegon. He was thrown into a barbed wire fence.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Ballinger of Selkirk smothered in its mother's lap while the parents were driving home from West Branch.

Porter Bordin was caught in a tar covered belt at the Ithaca woodwren factory. His arm was torn off and he was terribly mangled. Bordin lived but a few minutes. He left a widow and two children at North Star.

David O'Brien, living in Northfield, was attacked the other night and a hard punishment he received by a neighbor and his three sons. O'Brien's jaw was broken and he was so badly hurt it was feared he might not survive.

Twenty persons were injured at the home of Loren Gate, near Sand Lake, when the floor of the kitchen gave way during an auction sale. The occupants were precipitated into the cellar, together with two boilers full of hot coffee.

The Fort Brady garrison at Saint Ste. Marie has received orders cancelling the previous orders to make preparations for a start for the Philippines. The officers are now making efforts to catch their wives by which time they reach the coast will be for the islands. The women left several days ago and the troops were to leave soon.

The report of the auditor general for the fiscal year ending last June shows that the total expenses of the State Senate were \$56,012.53, of which \$18,238 was paid for the members. The House expenses were \$104,554.07, the members getting as pay \$61,702.20. The other money was spent for employees, mileage and other incidental expenses.

Irene Bell, aged 10, employed in the laundry at Oak Grove hospital, in Flint, had her right hand crushed and burned by getting the member caught in a mangle. The hand probably will be saved, but the thumb may have to be amputated. Nearly five minutes elapsed before the imprisoned hand could be released from the machine, but the girl showed good grit by standing the ordeal without fainting and with little flinching.

In Grand Rapids Elizabeth Klyn, 13 years old, who has been a cripple four years, Monday night heard a voice whisper, "You can walk and tread again." She left her bed and strode about the house. No explanation for the cure has been advanced.

For stealing a \$20 diamond, William Humphrey was fined \$110 in Battle Creek. He was arrested in Chicago. Justice Battidorff made the fine heavy in view of Humphrey's lack of sentiment in robbing a woman who had taken his wife into her home when Mrs. Humphrey was very ill.

After a chase of more than thirty miles, following a track made by wild-fire, seven sheep, belonging to Jabez Higgins, with George Ridgely, Henry Turner, a negro, living near by, charged with stealing the sheep and selling them to Ridgely for \$23.30.

The fight between the Muskegon school board and 100 members of the high school fraternities and societies, which the board has ordered abolished, ended the other day, when all of the remaining members of the societies resigned to avoid expulsion. The societies will be reorganized as literary societies.

Political Comment.

Rural Free Delivery.

The annual report of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General DeGraw deals chiefly with the rural free delivery service, and the postal appropriation bill shows how that service has developed in recent years under the Republican party.

Nothing so well illustrates, perhaps, the character of the two predominant parties in the United States as does the development of this rural free delivery system. Year after year it was "turned down" by a Democratic administration as being impracticable, and yet under the operation of Republican administrations it has developed in every way successfully and most advantageously to the agriculturists of the country. Where only a few years ago most of our farmers were able to get their mail but once or twice a week it is now daily brought to their very doors, giving them the advantage of the daily paper and of market and weather reports, enhancing not only labor, but the pleasure of living.

The system itself needs no defense. The result of its working is its own vindication, and the farmers of the country are indebted wholly to the Republican party, which had the courage as well as the sense to put the system into practical operation and constant development.

During the year it will require an appropriation in excess of \$35,000,000 to carry on the service. There are nearly 40,000 routes in operation, and some 15,000,000 people enjoy its benefits. On less than 1,000 of the routes service is performed tri-weekly. On nearly all of the remainder the service is daily. There is perhaps no Republican legislation of recent years that has carried so great a benefit to so many of our people. Of course it is exceeded by the pension legislation, established and developed by the party, but that has been a matter covering over forty years, while the rural free delivery service has been in operation only ten years. There is no doubt that it will be developed still further as requirements demand, and so long as the Republican party remains in power the rural districts of the country can be sure of having their mail delivered at their doors, and it is possible that in the near future this mail, consisting of letters and papers, may be augmented by the delivery of parcels and miscellaneous matter, so that the farmer will not only have his mail, but his purchases, brought to his home.

Let the Tariff Alone.

The determination of the Republican leaders in Congress to permit no kind of tariff legislation at this season is politically and economically wise.

The business conditions of the country call for quieting treatment, whereas tariff agitation, even in the mild form of a commission of investigation, is disturbing.

The tariff needs some readjustment, but it should be readjusted to meet normal conditions. The time for this is when normal conditions prevail and not during a period of financial depression.

The manufacturers of the country are divided on the question of revising the present tariff. Many of them say that there is any demonstrated necessity for any revision. The country has prospered under the Dingley act. It has proved itself one of the best tariff acts, if not the very best, the country has ever had.

Then why change it? Why disturb the business of the country by even agitating its change? Would the execution of the few incongruities and imperfections which time has developed in the Dingley law pay for the disturbance incident to a protective tariff agitation? What guarantee is there that the process of change would limit itself to removing the defects in the present tariff and not destroy some of its fundamental virtues?

These are vital questions and present the gravity and danger of the revision movement. The delegation of manufacturers who have been in Washington for the past two days asking for the creation of a tariff commission say that there is any danger to protection as to the business of the country in an investigation by an expert tariff commission.

This delegation represents some twenty strong organizations and claims to speak for about 80 per cent of all the manufacturers of the country. The ways and means committee in the House and the Senate finance committee are composed at the present time of exceedingly competent men, fully equal to the work of revising or reconstructing the tariff when the necessity for it is demonstrated.—New Haven Leader.

Where Would He Get the 50 Cent?

"Don't you know," a Democratic anti-protective tariff orator was arguing to an Irish-American whom he was endeavoring to convince, "that you are paying too much for everything you buy? You have paid protective tariff prices for your coat and your shoes and everything you have on. How much did you pay for that cap?"

"Six shillings."

"With free trade you could get as good a one for half a dollar."

"That may all be," replied Pat, "but I remember when we had free trade I was out of work. Sure, where would I get the fifty cents?"

This story tells an argument against tariff revision. It is an argument against the kind of tariff revision which would diminish the demand for American labor.—Herald (Vt.) Herald.

What They Need Is Rest.

What the American people are in need of just now more than anything else is a rest from unnecessary anxiety. After the distressful crisis through which they have lately passed they want a chance to recuperate, to reassert their energies, to consolidate their interests, and it is precisely of this chance that the inception of a tariff tinkering agitation would deprive them.

Blushing Is Virtue's Color.—French.

The Nation's Sore Spot.

The repeated attack on President Roosevelt in the name of corporate wealth is no honest protest, but a well organized campaign to place the national administration before the people in a false light. The men who have been chosen to lead in this campaign are, with few exceptions, capable, intelligent attorneys, who are skilled in specious argument and seem to regard success as justification for the means employed. These advocates contend that the President is destroying confidence, and thereby crippling industry and checking prosperity. They hold him up to view as one who is an enemy of all organized capital, and therefore of progress.

The essence of the indictment is contained in the following extract from a speech delivered recently in the Senate of the United States by Senator Bagner of Maryland, Roosevelt being under discussion: "From the violent fervor of his utterances there is an idea running through the public mind that he has come to the conclusion that every man engaged in a large business enterprise is a malefactor, and that every good citizen of the land ought to spend at least one term in the penitentiary."

Now, as a matter of fact, no such idea is "running through the public mind," but it is an idea that the complainers are seeking to lodge in the public mind, an altogether different proposition. Not even the men who have discovered, because President Roosevelt has impressed it on them, that they, like other people, are amenable to the law, believe any such nonsense, but they realize that unless popular sentiment can be turned against the President they must conduct their business in a legitimate manner. Inasmuch as this reform means a horizontal reduction in their profits, they are playing a desperate game for high stakes. Obviously the fight must be conducted under cover for the truth would only emphasize that their interests are diametrically opposed to the people's interests. It would not do to tell the people that the motive underlying this criticism of the President is purely selfish and mercenary, and so they affect to stand as the champions of general prosperity in which we are all interested.

But even as the President has not assumed all capital, so all capital is not arrayed against him. Many corporations have not been under the ban of suspicion. It is to their advantage, just as it is to the advantage of the people as a whole, that the wicked corporations are brought within the operation of the law. Other corporations that had gone wrong by association promptly revised their methods in conformity with the law, at the behest of the administration, and these recognize the justice and necessity of the crusade. And there are likewise many individuals, prominent in the industrial and financial world who are at heart honest, and who therefore approve of a campaign that has for its purpose the setting of a higher moral standard in business life. Andrew Carnegie, most of whose vast wealth is in corporate properties, and who, therefore, cannot be charged with prejudice against corporations, sees no cause for alarm in the administration's attitude. In a recent issue of the Century he relates his experience with the railroads in the rebating business, which began innocent enough, but grew to become a monstrous evil. His view of the national reform is expressed in these words:

"The creation of the commission is the most important addition that has been made in our day to the machinery of government. It should be proclaimed by the administration and leading statesmen of both parties as kept clearly before the people that no radical action has either been taken or is contemplated. On the contrary, all that is desired is only what other nations already possess, and is in the truest sense conservative and preservative to the highest degree."

The ease and rapidity with which the commission was established which has already abolished demoralizing rebates, and is rapidly giving to corporate investors the security they possess in other forms by bringing them under supervision, is a great triumph for our governmental system in all departments, legislative, executive and judicial, and gives to all the assurance that no emergency can arise in our country which will not be promptly and successfully met—an intelligent, just and fair-minded people at the base corner of a great reforming force at the head, leading the way.

This is the expression of a patriotic citizen who has followed closely the program of the administration, and who understands the lofty and unselfish motive that inspires the President. If all corporations were like Carnegie, the revolution which the enforcement of the law entails, would be accomplished with scarcely a ripple on the sea of industry. But, unfortunately, there is a class of financiers grown so arrogant in long immunity, that they resort any effort to revise their illegitimate methods. And these men are responsible for the present disturbance.—Toledo Blade.

Written by Republicans.

The truth of history demonstrates that the great organization, the great power that saved the Union, was the Republican organization. I remember a few years ago when my genial friend from Ohio, James E. Campbell, was a member of the House he took the floor to prove that there was no Republican party in 1861, when Lincoln was elected, and he brought in a copy of the Tribune Almanac which showed that the votes for Lincoln were given under the caption of "Union Republicans" and, he claimed, showed there was no Republican party. The argument of my colleague the other day, brought back the fanciful argument of James E. Campbell, I think, way back in the Forty-ninth Congress. The Republican party in behalf of Abraham Lincoln appealed to the Union to strike down that party, which in their platform declared the war a failure. Mr. Chairman, from the sisters down who can name an important piece of legislation for the good of the people of the United States that was not written on the statute books by the Republican party?—Congressman Payne.

Blushing is virtue's color.—French.

Popular Pulpit

THE PURPOSE OF LENT.

By Rev. Guy A. Jamieson.

For there is a time for every purpose and every work.—Ecclesiastes III, 17.

So spoke the wise man, and, though he never dreamed of the season we call Lent, we can apply his words to the forty days preceding Easter, for it is a time for a distinct purpose and work.

The theater and card party do not become suddenly wrong during the Lenten season. We do not give them up for that reason, but because we have set our minds and hearts on other definite things and we will not have time to carry on both successfully.

Lent is a time for self-inspection for taking a religious and spiritual inventory as it were. A time to compare our actual lives with the ideal life we would live. But some one might say we ought to live all the year just as we live during Lent. Suppose we were to try it—do you not think we would soon become very gloomy, abnormal, fanatical, self-centered, morbid, unfitted for the common duties of life? And Christ is the last person who would have us become this. Life came teaching men how to live so that life would become a beautiful, blessed thing. Religion is not the end of life. It is only a means to an end, and that end is usefulness and happiness.

But in saying that it would not be desirable to live the religious life of Lent during all the year, we do not speak of the Christ life. In fact it is the purpose of Lent through days of prayer and meditation and work to cultivate the spirit that will enable us to live the Christian life through all the year. And if it does not in a measure serve this end it has failed of its purpose. The purpose of Lent should be to become better men and women, that we may be given to nobler thought, gentler words, kinder acts.

To this end we give up the gratifications of life for a season. Not because they are wrong, but because we want to give ourselves to more serious things. But our prayers, our self-examinations, our attendance upon many services, our curtailment of the luxuries of life will profit us but little if they do not assuage us to banish from our minds all skeptical, pessimistic and uncharitable thoughts. All these things are to make us better. They are not ends in themselves and the thought, the prayer, the aspiration that should hover in our souls during the whole of Lent should be "Lord, help me to be better. Help me to grow toward my ideal." And we will find that the Lord will help us if we seek to help ourselves by earnest effort at sacrifice, earnest endeavor toward good.

Not only ought we to struggle against weaknesses and wrong habits, but we should start upon a course of positive rightness. The best way to overcome negative faults is to bring to bear upon them positive virtues. Our sins of omission may be as great a hindrance to our living the Christian life as our sins of commission. Our bad habits may best be overcome by seeking to form good ones. This, I think, is the purpose of Lent. This is the work we should seek to do, if we hope to realize permanent spiritual returns from the season.

BELIEF IN FOREIGN MISSIONS.

By Rev. Silvester Horne, A. M.

Text—"Go ye therefore and make disciples of all nations."—Matthew 28:10.

I think it is impossible to forget that there are many people to-day who are seriously asking the question, "Are foreign missions a failure?" and that missions are passing through a period of somewhat severe criticism. The question is being put from many quarters, "Would it not be better to leave other people alone and attend very specially to a lack of Christianity in our own institutions at home?"

Missionary societies to-day have a very complex policy to pursue. They have to deal with matters of education, with medical missions, with evangelistic missions. They have to live and do their work under many flags. They have to do what the early evangelists did; they have to come into conflict with many customs, practices, laws and institutions among foreign races, and it is very likely that here and there their policy will be open to attack. But I do not admire the common sense of the men who can say, "Because I disagree with this action or the other of a missionary society, therefore I am going to narrow and whittle down the program of Christianity until it applies simply to the England in which I live." It is not fair, it is not just to Christ, and it is not common sense. Let me remove another misconception. Missions are not the same thing as missionaries. I know certain people who have reminded me of a particular missionary who has been a man of indifferent character. I believe that the general average of missionary character is extraordinarily high, and that the missionaries are a very light in the Christian church. But, at the same time, if you can show me one who has failed in character you have done nothing whatever to attack the missionary program of the Christian church.

We have to recognize that if Christianity is going to live at all it is going to live by its big ideals. If it once begins to lose its commanding hope and faith, all will be lost. I do not believe any man has ever seen Jesus Christ who has not seen Him as the Savior of the world. You may see a Christ who is a Savior of England. You may see a Christ if you like who is a Savior of Europe, but you have never seen the principal glory of the Christ until you have seen Him as the Savior of the world. What I say is this: If the thing is true here in England, it is true in India; it is true in China. Truth is not a matter of parallels of latitude.

HYMNS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW

Guiding Light.

Light of the world: whose kind and gentle care
In joy and rest;
Whose counsels and commands so gracious are,
Wisest and best—
Shine on my path, dear Lord, and guard the way,
Lest my poor heart, forgetting, go astray.

Lord of my life! my soul's most pure desire,
Its hope and peace;
Let not the faith thy loving words inspire,
Falter, or cease;
But be to me, true friend, my chief delight,
And safely guide, that every step be right.

My blessed Lord! what bliss to feel thee near,
Faithful and true;
To trust in thee, without one doubt or fear,
Thy will to do;
And all the while to know that thou, our friend,
Art blessing us, and wilt bless to the end.

And then, O then! when sorrow's night is o'er,
Life's daylight come,
And we are safe within heaven's golden door,
At home! at home!
How full of glad rejoicing we will raise,
Savior, to thee our everlasting praise.

If Jesus Christ is the highest and the best here, He is the highest and the best there. If He is the revelation of God here, He is the revelation of God there. If He is the Savior from sin in London, He is the Savior from sin out there. We have got to see Him as the Savior of the world; and I repeat, only the churches that hold by the big ideals are the churches of power.

CHOOSING LIFE.

By Rev. Russell H. Conwell, D. D.

Text—"I call heaven and earth to record this day, that I have set before you life and death, blessing and cursing; therefore choose life, that thou and thy seed may live."—Deuteronomy 30:19.

There are moments in the history of a man's life, which seem to condense, within their compass, more of experience, more of the faith of the individual, than other seasons, years or cycles possess. There are moments when to him who loves the gospel, when to him who feels that the hope of men is in his keeping, and all their fate for the future seems to turn upon a single gesture, or upon a single word.

You and I, who are here to-night, are deciding for each other. Some soul we will judge and sentence to death. There are weeping ones all about in this community, because loved ones have not followed Christ. And we, as a jury, have sat here, and we have passed sentence upon them and said "Guilty," and then never cared anything about what became of them. We have said, as we passed them on the street: "There is a man who is a drunkard," or "There is a man who is dishonest," or "There is an infidel," or "There is a man who cares not for God." We have said "Guilty." You would say, "They are hideous, heartless men." But they get so used to it, that they do not think or care; and so it is with us. We do not think or care. Souls die all around us, sentenced to a hideous death, because we, as their jury, decide "Guilty" with perfect carelessness, and make no recommendation to mercy.

The prodigal son is living on the husks; and the question comes to him, shall he remain or return home? He decides it, and rises, and says, "I will go to my father." That was the supreme moment of his life. By this single decision, his fate is all settled. He had not yet reached his home; just as, when people who are first converted, do not immediately become perfect. They have only turned round and faced the other way. He still must travel a great way, to climb up through this forest, and to cross over these streams, and to go over that hill, and descend into this valley, before he can reach his home. But it is all settled for him, when he said, "I will." In that single moment, that decisive instant, his fate was settled for this life, and for eternity.

SHORT METER SERMONS.

To love tradition is to limit truth.

Success is the ability to make stepping stones out of stumbling blocks.

There must be something queer about any faith that needs perpetual defending.

Many a man hopes to be a saint while mixing with folks who would corrupt an angel.

To be thinking always of your own advantage is the easiest way to advance backward.

Too many want to hide their dodging of the ten commandments behind doubts about Moses.

The man who says he is too poor to give will never be rich enough to be other than poor in heart.

The only people who dare think they have a right to do nothing are those who are fit for nothing.

When you find a man who is too busy to think of religion you usually find one who is afraid to stop and look at his own record.

DON'TS FOR CHURCHMEN.

Don't try to reform others until you are right yourself.

Don't preach over the heads of sinners. Souls are lifted up by preaching down to them.

Don't try to be a star in the pulpit. The preacher who does invariably shuts off somebody's sunlight.

Don't ask who your neighbor may be when called upon to do a neighborly kindness. He who stands upon ceremony may fail to find one of Christ's children.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



1621—Plymouth colony concluded treaty with the Indians.

1628—Plans for the Massachusetts colony completed.

1676—Attack on Groton, Mass., by Indians.

1705—The anemometer, a measure of the strength and velocity of the wind, invented by Wolfius.

Crawford Avalanche.

O. PAULSEN, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year \$1.50
Six Months 75
Three Months 40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, APR. 2

HomeCircleDepartment

A column dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Crude thoughts as they fall from the Editorial Pen—Pleasant Evening Reveries.

The best thing to give your enemy is forgiveness; to an opponent, tolerance; to a friend, your heart; to a child, a good example; to a father, deference; to your mother, conduct that will make her proud of you; to yourself, respect; to all men charity.

The young man who says he cannot succeed in such a country as this, with all its magnificent opportunities, is the poorest kind of a stick. Why? There men to-day who, when they see that a young man has the right kind of pluck, are willing to advance him money to build up his business and give him a start. These are the young men, however, who stick, dig and save. What others have done can be performed today by our young men. They are in a great measure the architects of their own fortunes. Upon themselves alone rests the responsibility. They have it in their power to either make or unmake, and every young man should earnestly and seriously ask himself which it shall be.

Every well regulated family ought to be a little theatre and concert room to its own. Teach your sons and daughters to sing, read, recite and declaim. After a little discipline they will make the evening the brightest part of the day.

Any business is more respectable than what is termed loafing. A young man had better sell claims by the palful than hang around public resorts, murdering time and his own reputation.

Is Marriage a Failure.

A bachelor old and cranky.
Was sitting alone in his room;
His toes with the gout were aching,
And his face was o'erspread with gloom.

No little one's shouts disturbed him,
From noises the house was free;
In fact, from the attic to the cellar
Was quiet as a quiet could be.

No medical aid was lacking;
The servants answered his ring,
Respectfully heard his orders,
And supplied him with everything.

But still there was something wanting
Something he couldn't command;
The kindly words of comparison,
The touch of a gentle hand.

And he said as his brow grew darker
And he rang for the hiring nurse,
"Well, marriage may be a failure,
But this is a blamed sight worse."

Home Influences.

Rascally and scoundrelly people for the most part come from iniquitous homes, from undisciplined homes. Parents harsh and cruel on the one hand, or on the other hand, loose in their government—wickedly loose in their government—are raising up a generation of vipers. A home where scolding and fretfulness are dominant is a blood relation to the gallows and the jail. Petulance is a serpent that crawls up in the family nursery sometimes and crushes everything. Why, there are parents who even make religion disgusting to their children. They scold them for not putting in all their leisure time at church or some church gathering. The have an exasperating way of doing their duty. The house is full of the warwhoop of contention, and from such a place husband and son go out to die. The world grows old, and the stars will cease to illuminate it, and the waters to refresh it and the mountains to guard it and its long story of sin and shame and glory and triumph will soon turn to ashes; but influences which started in the early home roll on and roll up through all eternity blooming in all the joy, waving in all the triumph, or shrinking back into all darkness. Father, mother, which way are you leading your children?

Fashionable Marriage.

Truly, marriage, fashionably considered, is as far from marriage humanly or divinely considered as it is possible for a burlesque to be from an original. It is the union of two persons—body, mind and soul—for life, "for better, for worse, for richer, for poorer." In burlesque, it is an arrangement by which two persons appear to the world as one, sit together at the table, occupy the same rooms, have their names on the same cards, sit in the same pew and opera box, but beneath which they hide a great deal of incongruity, and behind which they lead separate lives. In the original it is a connection which forms the basis of a home; in the burlesque, it is a connection which furnishes the pretext for keeping up an establishment. In the original, it suggests quiet, fire-side occupations, domestic tasks, books, talk, reading, cosy rooms, comfortable easy chairs, affectionate com-

panies between men and women, plans for entertainment and improvement, household economies, all of the varied enjoyments that can be held between four walls of brick or wood; in the burlesque, it suggests bustle, activity, excitement, engagements to dinner, company, parties where no one thinks of sitting down for a purpose, drapery, gliding, velvet carpets, mirrors, chandeliers and gilt books, absence of confidence, extravagance, divided interests, a late breakfast table with one sitting at it, feminine solitude, and masculine billiards or something else in the evening, coldness, indifference, extravagance, absence of economy, intrigue, perhaps.

To Young Men.

If young men desire success in life, in the purest and truest sense of the term—success that culminates in a noble, stainless life, enduring, exalting and immortalizing even after passing over to the Unseen—it is certainly very essential that their characters be founded unwavering upon the broad and during principles of religion. An unbeliever may become a great man; without doubt, if he has the energy, ambition and talent; but an intellect of the highest order must be based upon Christianity. There exists in the present age so many temptations to lead the young, the pleasure-loving and thoughtless astray and such an utter disregard of honesty and truth among many of our leading men, that a wide field of usefulness is open to the honest and upright in heart. Why should not you, young men, just stepping upon the arena of life, bring your influence to bear with a strong hand and a clear head in the correction and punishment of many great evils? Will you do it?

Death Was On His Heels

Jesse P. Morris, of Skippers, Va., had a close call in the spring of 1906. He says: "An attack of pneumonia left me so weak and with such a fearful cough that my friends declared consumption had me and death was on my heels. Then I was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It helped me immediately, and after taking two and a half bottles I was a well man again. I found out that New Discovery is the best remedy for coughs and lung disease in all the world." Sold under guarantee at A. M. Lewis & Co.'s drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Lovells Locals.

Jacob Truag came up from Caro Tuesday to see if everything was in shape on his farm.

Mrs. Underhill and Master Newell arrived from the east Wednesday.

M. Hanson of Grayling was in town Wednesday.

C. Webster of Toledo, Ohio, arrived Wednesday morning, also Master C. H. Dickinson, son of Chas. Dickinson.

Messrs. Collins Dyer, L. E. Carrier and Jesse Dyer were at Lewiston Monday.

Mrs. Joseph Douglas went to the hospital at Detroit to have an operation performed. Mr. Douglas accompanied her.

Miss Etta Mark went to Grayling Saturday to meet her sister, Miss Bell Mark.

Mrs. M. Dyer was doing business at Johnsbury Thursday.

DAN.

He Got What He Needed.

"Nine years ago it looked as if my time had come," says Mr. C. Farthing of Mill Creek, Ind. Ter. "I was so run down that life hung on a very slender thread. I was then my druggist recommended Electric Bitters. I bought a bottle and I got what I needed—strength. I had one foot in the grave, but Electric Bitters put it back on the turf again, and I've been well ever since." Sold under guarantee at A. M. Lewis & Co.'s drug store. 50c.

The following credited to an "exchange" is to the point:

"Don't forget that your neighbor though he differs from you politically may be just as honest in his convictions as you, that this is a free country where freedom of opinion is one of the biggest of the broad foundation stones of our government, and there would be an end of that form of government without it. Be tolerant, therefore, or rather not tolerant but rational, patriotic and good natured. Stand by your convictions and let your neighbor stand by his if so disposed. Keep cool. Argue politics if you will but do it calmly and reasonably, and bear this fact always in mind, that just as you have made up your mind unalterably as to the way which you are going to vote, ninety-one hundredths of the voting population has done the same thing."

A Twenty year Sentence.

"I have just completed a twenty year sentence," imposed by Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which cured me of bleeding piles just twenty years ago," writes O. S. Woolley of Le Royville, N. Y. Bucklen's Arnica Salve heals the worst sores, boils, burns, wounds and cuts in the shortest time. 25c, at A. M. Lewis & Co.'s drug store.

Spartan Upbringings.

Lord Kitchener's father, who was rather a Spartan parent, was also a soldier; but in Ireland he turned his attention to breeding pigs as a source of income. Kitchener and his brother had to drive the pigs to market. They were sent off without breakfast, and had to do without their meal on their return if their pigs remained unsold.

Interesting Jottings.

Spring is here with the Robids, but so beautiful, Winter sat down in her lap and she remains silent.

The Company's camp broke up last week, but kept enough men to load cedar and look after the camp.

Mrs. R. A. Nye, wife of our popular druggist, came home last week for a few days to look after the business. She reports Mr. Nye improving.

Mrs. Fred Sleight had the pleasure of entertaining her father and mother Mr. and Mrs. Wright Havens of Grayling, for a few days last week. They returned home Monday morning, enjoying their visit and our beautiful winter weather.

Mr. John Rasmussen closed camp last week, putting in a most successful winter lumbering for the company.

Chas. and Jerome Evans left last Monday for Akron, Mich., where they expect to spend the summer farming.

Mr. Theodore Gutridge, our former druggist, came over from Gaylord last week to take charge of the drug store during Mr. Nye's illness. He looks natural behind the counter, and says he feels at home in Johnsbury.

Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Knapp went to Detroit last week on business and pleasure, returning Monday morning. The children were domiciled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Dudd during their absence.

P. L. Mikhelson is humming the parody of "Home, Sweet Home" now days and looks a little bit homesick on account of the absence of Mrs. M. and the children, who are visiting Grandma's in Columbus, Ohio.

Rev. A. B. Imrie received a call last week from his son Norman, who is located near the "Boo" in the U. P. to assist in special services. He is expected home this week.

Jerry Lovell's camp closed down for the winter last Saturday. Jerry is a hunter in the woods, but glad to be home again for a few days needed rest.

The "Hop" at the town hall last Friday night under the management of Messrs. Walten and Patridge was not a success financially.

The services at the church Sunday evening were conducted by the C. E. Society and enjoyed by all present. A song service, Bible reading and talk to young men occupied the hour.

Mr. Matt Concher, believing in the adage that it is not good for man to be alone, returned to our village last week with a blushing young bride. They are welcome home.

J. D. McIntosh, our popular station agent has purchased the property of E. Donker on Maple street and expects to build an addition to same this summer. A nice cottage for two.

Mrs. A. B. Imrie occupied the pulpit at the Hetherton church last Sunday in a very acceptable manner, during the absence of Mr. Imrie.

Mr. Fred Rasmussen missed the train but arrived home just the same last Saturday for a week's vacation from his school in Grayling. He came home via Gaylord on the Rasmussen Bus in charge of his brother Robert.

The Johnsbury Mfg Co. received a large order for trunk slats last week. It is hoped that these orders become frequent, so that with warm weather the factory may begin its seasons run.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Tatro were made happy by the arrival last week of a little Tatro. Our section Boss says he expects to have him shoveling and shining on the section next summer.

Mr. Alec Weaver who has charge of the company's prize team, has put in one hundred days hauling logs. A good record for man and team.

Mr. P. Mosher expects to lumber all summer if the snow holds out. He has an extra force on this week.

Ben Smith returned last week from his trip to Canada, glad to get back to the best town in northern Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Patridge will move to Vanderbilt this week, and expect to make that place their future residence. Their many friends will regret their going.

Mrs. P. F. Reese and children leave this week for visit in Detroit and to get acquainted with her husband as he has not seen him this winter. He has a position with a florist in the city.

Messrs. Dudd and Soderburg were seen on the street last week with fish hooks and bait. Wonder where they went and what they got?

UNCLE JOSE.

Hardgrove Happenings

John Schurer of Free Soil is visiting relatives and friends here.

A Latter Day Saint preacher will hold services at the Hardgrove school house every evening this week.

Miss Anna Thompson has gone to Mrs. Chalkers to work.

Mrs. George Hackett and her mother-in-law were baptised Tuesday.

John Perry has gone to a hospital to undergo an operation.

Schopf closed early the other night as the teacher was sick.

Gildert-LaGuire visited the school Thursday.

Margaret Fisk was absent from school Thursday, and Eleanor LaGuire was absent Tuesday, both on account of sickness.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT
We are seeking a man of energy and initiative to represent our bicycle in the territory of the Pacific Northwest. The position offers a large territory and a good salary. For particulars, apply to J. L. Mead Cycle Company, Chicago, Ill.

8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF \$4.80
SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY
The regular retail price of these tires is \$8.50 per pair, but to introduce us we will sell you a pair for \$4.80. This is a real bargain. The tires are made of a special quality of rubber which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than ordinary tires, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a 10 per cent discount on the price of the tires if you return them within 30 days. If you order a pair of these tires you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, and last longer than any other tires you have ever used. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, and last longer than any other tires you have ever used. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, and last longer than any other tires you have ever used. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is safe as in a bank.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD
and strictly prohibits the sale of alum baking powder.
So does France So does Germany
The only alum free baking powder in the United States and Canada is **ROYAL**.
To protect yourself against alum, when ordering baking powder, say plainly **ROYAL**.
Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. It is the only one that is absolutely pure and wholesome.

Going Fishing?

It will interest you greatly to see what we have to offer fishermen.

We can please everybody, from the expert angler, who uses fancy jointed rod with patent reel, to the small boy who Ales his line to the end of a birch pole. Come in and look over our great line of

Bamboo Poles, Split Rods, Steel Rods, Reels, Silk Lines, Cotton and Linen Lines, Spoon Hooks, Common Hooks, (All Sizes), Floats and Sinkers. . . . Prices within reach of all.

A. M. LEWIS & CO.,
DRUGGIST AND BOOKSELLERS.

Op-tom-e-trist.

A great many people have asked me the meaning of the above word.

The passage of optometry laws in twelve states and of the bills now before several others is responsible for the name given to the refracting optician, Optometrist.

These same laws are a distinct benefit to the people at large as they do away with the optical fakir, by requiring those practicing optometry to be up to a certain standard set by the state board.

When in need of high class work call in and I will guarantee you satisfaction.

C. J. HATHAWAY,
Graduate Optometrist.

YATER'S
Rheumatic & Neuralgia
REMEDY

TRADE MARK
JOHN M. YATER,
MADE FROM HERBS.

Equally Good for Man or Beast.

HELPS AND CURES.

First manufactured from March 24 to 9th, 1907. Cures Neuralgia in 20 minutes and Rheumatism in from one to twenty days; and Lame Back, Headache, Side or Stomach Ache, Sore Eyes, Cuts, Bruises, Bee Stings, Fly Bites, Etc., in from ten to twenty minutes.

Put up and sold by
JOHN M. YATER,
(Box 92) Roscommon, Michigan.

Proposals Wanted.

Proposals will be received by the County Poor Commissioners up to April 8 for the renting of the County Poor House, and the board and care of its inmates for the ensuing year. Particulars can be had from any member of the Board, who reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By Order of the Board.

Proposals Wanted.

The County Commissioners for the Poor will receive proposals for the professional service and medicine for the county poor for the ensuing year, until the second Wednesday in April, the right being reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board.

Law's Long Delay.

The court of appeals at Ghent has just declared invalid an election that took place 25 years ago. The illegal incumbent, who is a lawyer by the way, will now, it is expected, vacate.



EDISON PHONOGRAPHS

Our forefathers got along very well without railroads but could we?

You CAN do without an Edison Phonograph, but you would hate to part with one after you had owned and enjoyed it for a time.

Come in and let me show you the \$25.00 or \$32.00 machine and hear the April records.

I can sell you one on easy payments if you so desire.

C. J. HATHAWAY,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.
The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford.
In Chancery.

CASSENDAM AMANDA ROSE
Complainant.

vs.
FRED G. ROSE
Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford in Chancery, at the Village of Grayling in said County, on the sixth day of March A. D. 1908.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant, Fred G. Rose is not a resident of this state, but resides in the state of Ohio.

On motion of O. Palmer complainant's solicitor it is ordered that the said defendant Fred G. Rose, nonresident, be personally served with this order and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by said nonresident defendant.

And it is Further Ordered, That within twenty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE, a newspaper printed and published and circulating in said County, and that such publication, be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on nonresident defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

NELSON SHARPE,
Circuit Judge.

O. PALMER,
Solicitor for Complainant.

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1878. 1908.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always Our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

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FLOUR, FEED,

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND.

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson & Co.

ATTEND

OUR CLEARING SALE

AND

Save Money.

A. KRAUS & SON.

Revival Notes.

Interest in the revival services is steadily growing. Evangelist Weaver is fearlessly and forcefully preaching the truth and the Holy Spirit is convicting of sin, righteousness and judgement. A very attractive feature of the meetings is the Gospel solos of Miss Eyo which always make a deep impression upon the audience.

A good congregation was present Sunday morning and many were deeply affected as they listened to the evangelist's discourse on "personal evangelism," setting forth God's requirements of individual Christians in bringing about a great revival, and showing how by failing to comply with those requirements, professional Christians are blocking the Chariot wheels of God; and standing in the way of sinners. When the invitation was given many came to the altar and prayed earnestly that God would roll upon them a great burden for souls and help them to get out into a clear experience where they could be used as soul winners.

In the evening the house was filled. Mr. Weaver spoke on "Excuses." He said: "Many people say they do not care to become Christians because there are so many hypocrites in the churches, but there are no hypocrites in Christ's kingdom. They are all in the devil's kingdom with the rest of the sinners; and there will be no hypocrites in heaven, but they will all be in hell with all those who have not accepted of Christ. Therefore if you

don't want to be associated with hypocrites both in this world and in the next, you will get right with God." When the invitation was given, so many found their way to the altar and made their peace with God.

On Monday evening, notwithstanding the fact that the band was out, a good congregation was present and a deep interest was manifest. At this service there were some who sought and found the Lord. The note of victory is in the air, and we feel assured that if every professed Christian will do his or her duty there will be many souls won to Christ. Let us put forth every effort to be present at all of these services, ready to work for the Master and for the salvation of souls. Give the meetings the right of way, allow nothing to come between you and your duty to God and your fellow men. Services each night next week. Song service begins at 7.15. All are cordially invited.

Danish Lutheran Church.

Sunday, April 5th
Regular Service 10.30 a. m.
Lent Service 7 p. m.
Subject for evening will be Christ's Fifth Word on the Cross: "I Thirst." All are Welcome.

A. C. KILDEGAARD

"Her Happy Married Life."
A woman who recently secured a warrant against her husband in a London police court said to the judge: "I have been married 27 years, and I have had ten children and sixteen black eyes."

Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are \$1.00 per year in advance. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A following your name means we want your money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and cannot be considered later.

If you do not receive the next issue of the AVALANCHE, look at the date after your address. Uncle Sam obliges the "old man" to do business on a practical cash basis.

For fire insurance see R. W. Brink.

Edison records for April now on sale at Hathaways.

There was a slight thunder storm in town last Thursday morning, early.

Perry Ostrander celebrated his 67th birthday yesterday. An auspicious date.

FOUND—A watch chain with initials. Owner can get it at this office by paying for this notice.

Work has begun on the rebuilding of Joseph's store for the Grayling Mercantile Co.

A new discovery—call at A. Peterson's jewelry store and he will tell you all about it.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price, call at the AVALANCHE office.

J. C. Burton reports the receipt from the Paris Hatchery of 42,000 trout for the AuSable.

You will be time and money ahead by buying a fountain pen at A. Peterson's jewelry store.

Flower and garden seeds are displayed for sale at the stores, and implements by the dealers. Spring, sure.

The bicycles are rolling around town as lively as ever, and the boys are playing ball in the streets.

Wilson Shaw and wife of Grayling were in the city last week visiting relatives.—Chebogan News.

Buy your fountain pens at A. Peterson's jewelry store. He handles nothing but the best, a guarantee with every pen.

Remember!! That your place is at the opera house Saturday night April 4th. Everybody being cordially invited.

Have your watch and jewelry repaired and engraving done at Peterson's jewelry store. Satisfaction guaranteed.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will hold their regular monthly business meeting in the church parlors tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Now I have it, a genuine rose-bud hat pin, and you want it. Something new and up to date. At A. Peterson's jewelry store.

FOR SALE—A fine young team half brothers, closely matched, good drivers and good workers, sound and all right. O. PALMER.

Be a satisfied customer and buy your watches, clocks jewelry, cut glass, china silverware at A. Peterson's jewelry store.

C. C. Wescott withdrew from the republican ticket on which he was nominated by "Horseplay" last Friday evening, and George Leonard substituted by the committee.

Ladies attention!—It is a genuine rose-bud you want for your Easter Bonnet, all the rage, sold at A. Peterson's jewelry store.

S. L. Roberts is visiting in his old Tennessee home this week and looking after business interests, while his wife is visiting their son in Colorado.

The annual Easter Fair will be held April 15 and 16. Come and buy the summer's supply of aprons and handy articles at the Fair.

The Ladies' Union will meet with Mrs. McNevin Friday afternoon. All members and ladies of the congregation are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. Bessie Hartwick and the boys have been spending two weeks here with "Grandpa" and old friends, while "Ed" was on a business trip to New Orleans, but will return home this week.

REMEMBER—You are cordially invited to be present at the opera house April 4th and have a good hearty laugh.

Mrs. H. J. Osborne announces her spring opening for this week Saturday, April 4th. All the ladies are cordially invited.

Mr. Nat I. Roskilde of Om Forlades Saturday night, April 4th. Given by the Danish Young People's Society. Seats now on sale at the Central drug store.

Complaint has been made and a petition filed in the Probate court that Dan Stephen be indicted insane. It is a sad condition that has been developed in his home for the past year, and his nearest friends are greatly concerned. He was taken into custody yesterday and the investigation before the court will be had today.

Opportunity get some for credit and cash at the Fair for 10c.

Across all styles and sizes at the Fair.

Good things to eat at the Fair. Get your supper at the Fair.

Be sure and get some fresh, home made candy at the Fair.

Prof. Bradley and the boys have gone to Leroy for a little visit with the mother and grandmother.

Benj. Jerome and Gottie Krambare home from the M. A. C. for the short vacation. They will have all the fun that can be crowded into a week.

A few of our lady teachers who did not go home for their vacation, went to Gaylord yesterday, combining a visit with Miss Hoyt and the schools of that city.

WANTED—To purchase 2 good horses, about 1200 pounds each 2 new milch cows; 100 chickens; 4 one year pigs; for delivery at Grayling or Lovell. Address The AVALANCHE.

Look over the tickets to be voted for next Monday and then do as they will in Maple Forest and Frederic, vote the republican ticket straight.

The St. James Episcopal Guild will meet at the home of Mrs. Wilson J. Shaw Tuesday the 7th at 3 p. m. All members are requested to be present.

Rev. A. R. Mitchell of West Branch will be in Grayling Tuesday the 7th to hold Lenten services at the home of Mrs. Will McNeven at 7 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Companion Court Grayling No. 652 I. O. F. will hold their regular meetings the second and last Wednesdays of every month in the Maccabee Hall over H. Peterson's store.

J. O. Cunningham has secured the agency for the Indianapolis Fire Ins. Co., with a cash capital of \$200,000, and is ready to protect you from loss by fire. Call at the office for rates.

Miss Laura Simpson is home for her spring vacation from teaching at Benton Harbor, where she is well pleased with her school work, though we suggested that it was pretty near to St. Joseph.

The display of "Northern Lights" last Thursday night was an unusual brilliant affair, covering the northern skies and shooting its golden rays across the horizon. It was watched with pleasure by scores of our citizens till late at night.

The thunder storm last Friday night was a rattler of the old time sort accompanied by a heavy rain fall which clung to the trees in myriad diamond crystals made brilliant by the electric lights.

Do not forget and ask Sheriff Amidon how much water it takes to supply the boiler in the court house, heating plant, lest you receive a ghastly smile as he thinks of the affectionate remarks of the several officers, and of his wife after the flood.

FOR RENT—My 40 acre farm on east side of Portage Lake. 12 acres cleared. Buildings in fair condition. Will rent at very low rate to the right party. H. A. RAYNE, 672 Hayes St., San Francisco, Cal.

This is the spring vacation week and the kids are happy for a chance to breathe the first spring air, play marbles and ball, and catch cold. They will have a heap of fun, but will feel enough better next week to make it pay.

Mrs. Sarah Monteny is dead at the age of 102 years. She was the oldest resident of Ogemaw County. Mrs. Monteny leaves 11 children, the oldest of whom is 84, and 60 grandchildren and great-grandchildren to the fifth generation. For many years Mrs. Monteny resided in Clio.

The rain and sleet of last Friday night covered all foliage with a coating of ice, which the sunlight of Saturday and Sunday converted into diamonds of dazzling brilliancy, not dispelled until Monday's sun gave warmth to the air.

The people of Beaver Creek are cordially invited to attend service at the school house next Sabbath afternoon at 3 o'clock local time. Everybody come, as very important matters are to be discussed.

W. B. MACGREGOR.

Did I hear someone say, That an apron was needed? 'Twas the cry that we heard And the cry that we heeded.

We have aprons and rugs, Lots of other things too; I am sure you'll all be there When you know what we do.

And what of the supper? Do I hear someone say? Well serve a good supper, In the same old way.

Following is the total amount of taxes, assessed and returned by the several township treasurers of this county for the year 1907.

Assessed.	Returned.
South Branch	1755.04
Beaver Creek	1028.01
Frederic	6246.01
Maple Forest	3890.46
Grayling	14358.78
Village	1870.70

The "Best Band" gave a grand musical concert at Simpson's store Monday evening in honor of the formal opening, which was wonderfully enjoyed by hundreds of our citizens as the weather was all that could be desired and the streets crowded. Cigars were free to the men and flowers and candy galore were distributed to the throng of ladies who crowded the interior. Everybody was happy, and if Simpson receives the prosperity he was wished, he will be satisfied.

Republican Caucus.

The Republican Caucus at the Town hall last Friday evening was called to order by M. A. Bates, chairman of the township committee, who was elected chairman of the meeting, with J. J. Collen secretary.

Holger Schmidt, Ferdinand Sorenson and M. Simpson were appointed tellers. The officers were duly sworn by Notary Public, George Mahon, and the following ticket placed in nomination by over seventy electors who were present.

Supervisor—John J. Neiderer.
Clerk—Lee Winslow.
Treasurer—A. P. W. Becker.
School Inspector—Wm. Rae.
Highway Com.—Charles Robinson.
Overseer 1st dist.—F. O. Peck.
Overseer 2nd dist.—Fred Hovell.
Just. of the Peace—P. Ostrander.
Board of Review—Axel Michelson.
Constables—Wm. Woodfield, Louis J. Kraus, C. C. Wescott, Mike Breunnen.

M. A. Bates, J. J. Collen and C. C. Wescott were elected as township committee for the ensuing year.

Democratic Caucuses.

At the Democratic Caucus held last Friday evening, Chas. O. McCullough was elected chairman and H. P. Olson secretary. Harry Hum and E. G. Clark were appointed tellers, and the following ticket placed in nomination: Supervisor—John E. Hum.
Clerk—Samuel S. Phelps, Jr.
Just. of the Peace—W. McCullough.
Treasurer—Adelbert Taylor.
Board of Review—John Everett.
School Inspector—Lucien Fournier.
Highway Com.—Julius Nelson.
Overseer 1st dist.—Geo. Langavin.
Overseer 2nd dist.—H. Schrieber Sr.
Constables—Chris Hemmingson, Jens Jorgenson, Harry Hum, Charles Howland.

Township Committee—C. O. McCullough, Charles Amidon, Adelbert Taylor.

Plenty of Trouble.

is caused by stagnation of the liver and bowels, to get rid of it and headache and biliousness and the poison that brings jaundice, take Dr. King's New Life Pills, the reliable purifiers that do the work without grinding or griping. 25c. at A. M. Lewis & Co.'s drug store.

Maple Forest Republican Ticket.

Supervisor—Frank R. Deckrow.
Clerk—Thomas W. Walking.
Treasurer—Archie House.
Highway Com.—Wm. Feldhauser.
Just. of the Peace—G. A. Wilbur.
School Inspector—G. A. Wilbur.
Board of Review—Wm. S. Chalker.
Overseer district 1—Joseph Sims.
Overseer dist. 2—George F. Owen.
Overseer dist. 3—Edgar Wilkinson.
Overseer dist. 4—George Knecht.
Constables—Thomas McElroy, Wm. Wheeler, John E. Kellogg, William Kirkby.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—1 light wagon, 1 plow, 1 scythe, snath, 2 neck yokes, 1 set trace chains, 1 cow bell, 5 peaves, etc. etc. Belonging to the estate of E. Purchase, deceased.

ROLLA W. BRINK, Administrator.

James McCann was rescued from a grave in the water at Bay City last week and at once crawled "under the lid" and got hilariously drunk but escaped the police and came here, where the officers loaded his carcass on a dray and took him to the vacant boarding house of Sheriff Amidon. Justice Neiderer thought he better board there five days, which suited him. The county ought to have a "stone pile" or a street working gang.

Editor AVALANCHE: Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words in regard to a letter written by John Love. Now he says that the stock holders of the C. C. T. Co. do not know how they are standing as they have never had a report from their treasurer. Whose fault is it? We have had meeting after meeting since last August in order to get a report from the treasurer. I would like to ask whose fault it is. The board of directors met a few days before the last meeting of the stock holders and balanced the books of the clerk and treasurer and found them correct, and the treasurer was asked if there were any more bills against the Co. to be allowed, and he said there were none, and at the last meeting according to the report that the clerk read and the treasurer said was all right, there was \$213 and the treasurer received at that meeting \$10 in assessments. Now if the report was not right, why did he not say so at the meeting? CHAS. E. NICHOLS.

PICKED-UP CODFISH

Wash enough salt codfish to fill a cup when flaked. Pick it apart, removing bones and membrane. Cover with cold water and let it heat gradually to the simmering point. When ready to serve drain off the water and cover with hot thin cream or with a cupful of white sauce. Cook one rounded tablespoonful of flour in one of butter, melted, add gradually one cupful of hot milk, a dash of salt and pepper and then the fish. Just before serving, add one beaten egg, and stir until the egg is blended. Garnish the dish with toast points, or slices of bacon or minced sweet green pepper or hard-boiled eggs halved lengthwise.—The Delineator.

Wide-Awake People

JUMP AT

Rare Opportunities!

We have on hand a few second-hand pieces of furniture, some of them are as good as new, and every one is a bargain:

- | | |
|---|-------|
| 1 W. W. Spring for child's bed, size 3-0 in. x 4-6 in. | 1.00 |
| 1 Oak Sideboard, a bargain for someone | 10.00 |
| 1 Oak Rocker with arm to match dinner | 1.18 |
| 1 Sewing Rocker, oak with upholstered seat, | 1.18 |
| 1 Commode, extremely low price | 2.00 |
| 2 Parlor Chairs, upholstered, price each | 1.50 |
| 1 Parlor Table, round top, a coat of varnish will increase its value just double, as it is now only | 2.00 |
| 1 Ekkelsof Mattress, 3-0x6-0, a good value | 1.50 |
| 1 Go-Cart at the lowest price heard of | 1.25 |
| 16 yards Hemp Carpet cut in 4 breadths 12 ft. long | 1.90 |
| 1 All-Wool Rug 9x12 | 6.50 |
| 1 Go-Cart with parasol, as good as new | 6.60 |
| 1 Kitchen Cabinet, solid oak throughout, a good \$25.00 value, offered for | 18.50 |

All prices are net cash, we charge five per cent. more on time. This is not a special sale and prices will continue until the entire lot is disposed of, but we advise that you secure anything you may want without delay.

Sorenson's Furniture Store.

Teas and Coffee!

In selecting our line of Teas and Coffees we have given QUALITY first place, receiving our supply direct from the importers and roasters, in sealed packages and cans. Free from foreign odors flavors, dampness etc.

COFFEE.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Royal Garden, 40c value..... | 35c |
| Avon Club..... | 35c |
| San Marto..... | 25c |
| Fashion Blend..... | 20c |

TEAS.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| Royal Garden (green)..... | 50c |
| Royal Blend (black)..... | 50c |
| Monitor G (green)..... | 40c |

The proof's, in the drinking. Give us a call.

The Bank Grocery,
S. S. PHELPS, Prop'r.

GO TO

The S. B. Brott Implement Co.

WELLINGTON, - - MICHIGAN.

For Gale Farm Implements and repairs.

—A full line of—

Tools, Wagons, Buggies, Barbed Wire, Seed Oats (three varieties) Seed Peas, Alfalfa, Bromus Inermis, Clover, Timothy and all kinds of farm seeds in stock. We have a fine lot of choice Buckwheat, Millet and Oats. We are headquarters for the genuine Brott Side Oats, as we are the originators of them, we also have the Champion and the Old Famous Norway Oats, the best yielder in this country.

—Examine our stock of—

Parry Buggies and Lull Carriages.

We sell to suit our customers, cash or credit. Call on us for bargains.

The Brott Implement Co.,
Wellington, Michigan.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To the Musical Public of Grayling and vicinity:

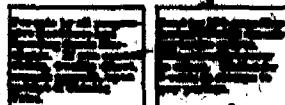
Grinnell Brothers, of Bay City wish it understood that T. C. Simons is no longer in their employ in any capacity whatever. His place has been filled by Mr. H. F. Stucke, who will hereafter look after the firm's interests in this locality. Mr. Stucke is a young man of wide experience in the Piano and Organ business, and all orders entrusted to his care will be promptly and carefully executed. All communications for the firm should be addressed to Grinnell Bro's Music House, Bay City, Mich.

GRINNELL BRO'S.

STEVENS

For Trap or Field a STEVENS SINGLE or DOUBLE BARREL SHOTGUN is ideal. Low in Price—High in Quality—good value right through! Made in standard gauge, length, weight, etc.—Kaiser or Remington Style.

STEVENS SHOTGUN SHOOT STRAIGHT AND STRONG



J. STEVENS ARMS & TOOL CO. P. O. Box 600, Chicago, Ill.



CHICAGO, ILL.



Attend our grand

ALTERATION SALE

and save

MONEY.

We offer never heard of

BARGAINS

At this sale.

Call and be Convinced.

Grayling Mercantile Co.,



UNION LOCK POULTRY FENCE.

For Poultry, Rabbits, Orchards, Gardens, etc.



Stronger and closer spacing than any other make. Our Union Lock Hog, Field and Cattle Fence, Union Lawn Fence Gates, etc., guaranteed first class. Your dealer should handle this fine—if not, write us for prices. Catalogue free.

UNION FENCE CO., DE KALB, ILL., U. S. A.

Drugs. Patent Medicines.

Central Drug Store

N. ROLSON PROPRIETOR "The Best Drugs."

EAT

Queen City Sweets

The Candy in the White Boxes.

Bring us your Family Receipts. Prescription Work a Specialty

J. A. MORRISON, Manager.

Candy. Cigars.

The Boom Continues

Lots sold on monthly payments.

Brink's Addition on the South side had more dwelling houses built in the past two years than any other two additions in the village of Grayling.

Don't Pay Rent! Get Yourself a House.

TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER.

W. F. BRINK

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

PUBLIC OPINION AND THE PRESS.

By Charles J. Bonaparte.

The press makes each community acquainted with its neighbor. And, as we know other men better, we recognize the more thoroughly and readily their likeness to ourselves, and, as a consequence, the universal application of underlying moral laws amidst all diversities of national or local custom or prejudice. It is the exercise of this common moral standard which qualifies the press for its highest and most useful function. After all, the most effective instrument of coercion possessed by society against its dangerous members is the influence of public opinion.

The first duty of the press is to hold up before the people a faithful mirror; if it display distorted pictures it fatally betrays its trust. No worthy end was ever accomplished through deception, whether of ourselves or others. If we are threatened by overshadowing dangers, to enlighten them we must first see them, and see them as they are. Americans can say with confidence: "We will know the truth and the truth shall make us free."

SHOULD A WOMAN GENIUS FALL IN LOVE?

By Marguerite O. Bigelow.

Nowadays, when many of our brightest and best women are refusing to marry, evidently preferring artistic and professional work, there is a great hue and cry raised that education has made women less loving, that to be brilliant and widely useful to society is to be unwomanly, and that to love art makes it impossible to love a man.

No woman of real genius and power ever refused love for art, and no man ever did. The men of genius have been men of love, and will be always. It is equally true of women. Only the false lights guide us into barren and dark depths of lovelessness. The question of a choice between them should never have been raised either for men or for women, and never would have been save for the mandates of tradition, and these mandates were of course founded upon an economic necessity and social pressure that no longer exists. There will never be a woman of lofty genius who is not also a woman of lofty love, and when she comes who is able to speak the great and as yet unspoken woman word to all mankind, she will be the truest woman of us all. And when the woman spirit and the man love are met

with the man spirit and the man love, in the persons of one man and one woman, we shall have songs and pictures, poems and creations manifesting the huge genius of the universe, publishing it in all perfection for the good of all.

SHOULD WOMAN SUE FOR BREACH OF PROMISE?

By R. E. Noble.

What are the motives that usually inspire the girl jilted in love to seek consolation for her disappointed feelings in a breach of promise action? Briefly, they range themselves within the threefold division of pecuniary greed, revenge and vanity. The main object which the law has in view, in permitting this class of case is no doubt, to obtain pecuniary compensation for the personal affront offered by a promise which has not been redeemed.

In a breach of promise action the law is but vindicating its right of enforcing a contract; and a privilege afforded throughout the world of commerce in every other form of contract ought not to fail in the matter of love. This is to be prosaic on a matter of sentiment, but the law is adamant and no respect of persons or feelings.

Some shrewd observers have declared that the fact that plaintiffs almost always seem to belong to the middle class society is proof conclusive that there is a great loss of dignity in bringing such an action. It is well for human nature that natural pride comes to the rescue in heartaches. On the whole, it is probable that with advance in general refinement and the spread of education these actions will become fewer in number.

TOO MANY COLLEGE PROFESSORS.

By Prof. Hugo Munsterberg of Harvard.

The American student has, to an extraordinary degree, all the elements of mental composition necessary to most scholarly achievements. He has the brightness, the steadiness, the keenness, the patience, the energy, which, taken together, would make the most magnificent contribution to the scholarship of the world. One of the greatest evils from which our American universities suffer is too great an abundance of men.

As soon as an institution gets more money the first thought is to add more men to the faculty to outdo some neighboring institution. Every one of our American universities would be nearer to the ideal if it would kill two-thirds of its instructors and professors.

1,200,000 IDLE MEN THROUGHOUT COUNTRY

Figures Show New York in the Lead with 250,000 Out of Work.

90,000 IS CHICAGO ESTIMATE.

Union Labor Leader Boasts Members Are Not in Want, Though Without Jobs.

In a canvass of the country to ascertain the number of unemployed men dispatches have been received from many industrial centers with reports of conditions, and from these it is estimated that more than one million men are minus jobs. The reports indicate more than 900,000 unemployed in the city of Chicago and nearly 900,000 in the States outside the cities.

Following are estimates:
In the cities—
Birmingham..... 14,000
Little Rock..... 1,200
St. Paul..... 17,000
Denver..... 10,000
Bridgeport..... 5,000
Wilmington..... 15,000
Chicago..... 90,000
Indianapolis..... 7,000
Des Moines..... 500
Lawson..... 1,200
Boston..... 40,000
Detroit..... 20,000
St. Louis..... 20,000
Butte..... 4,450
Omaha..... 4,000
Selling..... 700
Concord..... 1,500
Newark..... 5,000
Trenton..... 3,000
New York..... 250,000
Philadelphia..... 100,000
Providence..... 8,000
Knoxville..... 4,500
Montpelier..... 5,000
Wheeling..... 6,000
Total..... 611,827

No definite figures could be obtained from some States, but from the best information the number of idle in the States outside the big cities are:

Alabama..... 20,000
California..... 18,000
Colorado..... 30,000
Connecticut..... 10,000
Florida..... 15,000
Illinois..... 200,000
Iowa..... 2,000
Kansas..... 10,000
Massachusetts..... 25,000
Missouri..... 45,000
Montana..... 8,500
Nebraska..... 9,000
New Hampshire..... 2,500
New Jersey..... 15,000
New Mexico..... 2,000
Tennessee..... 25,000
Texas..... 3,000
Virginia..... 12,000
West Virginia..... 7,000
Total..... 506,000

That there are more unemployed men and women in New York City to-day than at any previous time in many years past is the belief of union leaders, charity workers and students of social conditions.

Estimates of the number out of work vary from 100,000 to 500,000. It is probable that half of the latter number, or 250,000, is about correct.

The following estimate is given by responsible labor leaders:

Carpenters..... 10,000
Tailors..... 8,000
Shoe men and shoemakers..... 10,000
Bricklayers..... 7,000
Laborers..... 20,000
Household workers..... 2,000
Asphalt workers..... 2,000
Painters..... 7,000
Stock dealers..... 2,000
Engineers..... 2,000
Fathers..... 2,000
Shoppers..... 2,000
Sheet metal workers..... 500
Compositors..... 1,000
Miscellaneous trades..... 20,000
Unorganized labor..... 145,000
Total..... 250,000

Secretary Donnelly of the general arbitration board of the New York building trades spoke with pride when commenting upon the almost entire absence of destitution among union men despite the fact that at least half of them are out of work at present.

TEACHERS WHO DIED IN BOSTON'S SCHOOL TRAGEDY

Here are the pictures of the principals in the recent terrible tragedy at the exclusive Laurens School for Girls in Boston. Miss Weed, the slayer and suicide, and Miss Hardee had been friends for years, were classmates at Wellesley College, and were joint founders of Laurens school. Miss Weed had escaped from a sanitarium, where she had been for months suffering from collapse from overwork. When she thought she was to be taken back she shot her friend and then herself.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE.

The Southern railway has laid off nearly 700 shopmen in various Southern States. It is unofficially announced in St. Petersburg that the Car has committed the death sentence on Gen. Stoesel.

The Rev. Dr. Huntington, rector of Grace Episcopal Church, New York, objected to the Broadway-Leading Avenue tunnel going under his church. Consequently the "tube" will be directed to pass under the Wamaker building just below the church.

John Tangle, formerly one of the best-known independent oil refiners in the country, died at his home in Cleveland, aged 60 years.

President Castro of Venezuela has refused to arbitrate claims made by American citizens as requested by the United States government.

George E. Beekley, son of Admiral Beekley, has shipped as an officer on a Pacific steamer, to learn the practical details of marine engineering.

Philadelphia is planning a seven days' celebration of its 225th anniversary. Sweden and England may be asked to join the United States in sending warships.



FARM AND GARDEN

A mere maintenance ration is always lost. If possible, buy stock that is at least 1 year old when mated.

It is never wise or profitable to keep any animal in poor flesh. No great increase in fertility will follow a field set to clover that is pastured closely from spring until fall.

The man who deals with you must justify the one who gives you the greatest value for your money. More damage is done the uncovered strawberry bed during the months of February and March than in the earlier portion of the winter.

Geese do not mate as readily as other fowls, and it is therefore advisable to procure them several months before the laying season arrives.

Be careful in handling fowls, especially ducks and geese. Ducks have very weak joints and it always injures them more or less to catch them by the legs.

Hickory timber is fast disappearing and it is said to be more difficult to replace than any other wood. There is no substitute that is as tough, elastic, or as durable.

The amateur vineyardist must do violence to his feelings when pruning, for he dislikes to cut back, but severe pruning is essential to the future usefulness of the vine.

Fresh eggs and freshly laid eggs are ordinarily considered synonymous. The grocer, however, knows better and, as a rule, is very particular to get the right term pointed on his show window.

A square deal between father and son would soon put an end to this paper talk about how to keep the boys on the farm. The principle of the square deal is synonymous with that set forth in the Golden Rule.

There are four things that a farmer of good health is justified in going into debt for—namely, tilling the wet acres on his farm, to mature spreader, fences that will enable him to keep sheep, and a soft water cistern for the good housewife.

Take cuttings of hardy roses and shrubs, as well as the currant and gooseberry. Cut slips six or eight inches long and plant them in a sheltered and well drained spot, leaving one bud above the ground. Mulch with straw manure when the ground freezes.

There is one thing that is in worse taste than sending a statement of account or "dun" to a debtor, and that is for the debtor to allow the account in question to run until his creditor finds it necessary to resort to this means of collecting. There are many who seem to take offense at a dun who are not able to see the other side of the proposition.

If the \$200,000, more or less, that is spent annually in the farcical distribution of seeds of very indifferent merit by the Congressmen who hope thereby to better their chances of re-election were divided equally among the several States and territories for use in practical and helpful experiment station work, it would be a far more serviceable disposal of the money.

Of an estimated total forest area in the confines of the United States of 700,000,000 acres the amount in State or national reserves is placed at 22 per cent, while the rest is in unreserved public lands or private tracts. The total area, however held, is deemed sufficient with right management by those who have made a study of the subject to eventually supply the lumber needs of the country, and this in spite of a continually increasing demand.

Work in the Poultry Yard. Neglecting to cleanse the drinking vessels invites disease. Fall is the best time of year to purchase geese for next year's breeding. Send all surplus poultry to market as soon as the fowls are in proper condition.

Forgetting to provide grit causes indigestion and after a while it turns to cholera. Some people make the mistake of selling all good birds and retaining the poor ones.

Unless one understands the process of forcing, it is seldom wise to wait for prices to go up. Call out the backward-looking pullets, keeping only the best and most promising for egg production.

Carelessness in the matter of cleanliness about the roosting quarters is a very common cause of disease. The Rat Plague. In the course of the vigorous anti-plague campaign which has been waged in San Francisco by the State and government authorities an army of rats has been destroyed. It has been a well-grounded suspicion that the rodents are the greatest cause of the dissemination of the disease, and for this reason a special battle has been made against them, in the course of which about 130,000 animals have been caught and destroyed. Thirty-five thousand six hundred and thirty-two rats were brought to the laboratory of the Health Department. Of this number, 11,531 were examined by bacteriologists for plague and 106 found to be infected. Over \$200,000 has been expended in a campaign of sanitation, and the monthly pay roll at present is about \$45,000, of which the Federal Government is

STATES' POWER LOST BY HIGH COURT'S ACT

Rate Laws of Minnesota and North Carolina Knocked Out by Supreme Tribunal.

FEDERAL CONTROL WIDENED.

Justice Harlan, Alone Dissenting, Predicts Disaster from Sweeping Decision.

A sunshining blow at State's rights was delivered by the Supreme Court of the United States Monday when the tribunal knocked out the railway rate laws of two commonwealths. Dividing eight to one, the court, in a decision rendered by Justice Peckham, sustains the federal side absolutely in the Minnesota and the North Carolina cases, in which the clash between the authority of the United States and the State courts formed an issue that was nationwide in the interest attracted.

Justice Harlan was the dissenting member of the court in each case, expressing the opinion that the decisions rendered marked a new era in the relationship between the States and the federal government and between the federal and the State courts, and predicting that the result would be disastrous.

The Minnesota freight and passenger rate laws are declared unconstitutional on their face by reason of the excessive penalties imposed. The opinion in the Minnesota case was declared to apply also to the North Carolina case, although the processes by which the two cases were brought before the Supreme Court were different.

The right of railroad corporations or stockholders in such corporations to appeal to the federal courts to test the constitutionality of rate laws enacted by a State Legislature is clearly set forth. Beyond that the essential thing laid down is that when such test is made the right of injunction lies with the federal court to restrain administrative State officers from proceeding to enforce the provisions of the laws through the machinery of the State courts, until the constitutional question has been finally determined.

In short, the federal courts are given what really amounts to the power to pass upon the reasonableness of railroad rates fixed by a State for interstate traffic. The decisions greatly minimize the power of the States to deal with the regulation of railroads even within their own borders. The question of the constitutional right of the States to legislate at all on this subject was not brought directly before the Supreme Court, but, in view of the decision rendered, there is a strong possibility that once this question is raised it may solve the problem completely by denying absolutely the State's power to regulate rates in any degree.

Justice Harlan deemed the cases of sufficient importance to justify a 12,000-word dissenting opinion, taking strong ground in support of the theory that the proceeding in the Minnesota case was a suit against the State and therefore not permissible under the constitution.

HURT LITTLE BY PANIC.

Railroads' Net Income Larger in Last Half of 1907 than 1906.

Every indication points to an improvement generally in the railroad and industrial situation of the country according to reports made by the great railway systems of America to the interstate commerce commission. These reports are to the effect that, while the railroads suffered to some extent by what has come to be referred to as the "October panic," the loss was by no means so serious as generally has been supposed.

It appears from the reports that the effect was felt particularly by the eastern lines and by the lines in the southeastern part of the country, while western and transcontinental roads have not suffered materially. The figures available to the interstate commerce commission indicate also that the general condition in the country is improving materially, with a prospect that it soon will be normal or better.

NORTHWEST NUGGETS.

The Millie Lake Chippewa Indians, most of whom live on the White Earth reservation in Minnesota, will soon share in a division of \$5,500 received from the government.

The commission which has charge of the awarding of the Carnegie hero medals is investigating a rescue by a South Dakota young man named Earl Vancost, who saved the life of John Flockhart, a companion, while the two were skating on the Missouri river, near Greenwood.

Disregarding the shrieks of warning from the locomotive whistle, and refusing to leave the track upon which he was walking, an unidentified lumberjack deliberately permitted himself to be struck by a switch engine at the junction near Tower, Minn., and was instantly killed.

The farm home of John Donihut, near Westboro, Wis., was destroyed by fire while the mother was outside. The stove exploded and her three small children, one four years old, one two years old and a baby, were burned to death. The father was away from home working in a lumber camp.

Determined to convince his hearers that he was God, as he claimed, and that he was immortal, an unknown stranger deliberately sat upon the rails before an onrushing passenger train and was ground to death between the wheels before the eyes of a large number of people at Salem, Wis.

South St. Marie, Mich., people are divided by a bitter faction fight over the question as to whether the new federal building shall be constructed in the city with the State's appropriation in Congress, or whether the building shall be delayed while an effort is being made to secure an additional \$50,000.

KILLED BY A "BARE."

Orthography plays a larger part in the universe of literature than is perhaps admitted. A child's artless attempts at spelling are refreshing and enjoyable to the mature mind, faded with monotonous accuracy. A little variation from the accepted mode is refreshing. Bad spelling which is studied and deliberate is, however, seldom amusing because it is so obviously the result of an effort; but such spelling as distinguishes the journal of Jacob Fowler, written in 1821, is so spontaneous and natural that it provokes a smile even when used to describe a tragedy.

While we were picking grapes a Gun was fired off and the Cry of a White Bare was raised. We were all around in an instant and each man ran his gun to look for the desperate assassin.

The Bare lay close until they were in a few feet of it when it sprang up and, caught Lewis and pulled him down. In an instant a large dog which belongs to the Parry attacked the Bare with such fury that it left the man, he got up and ran a few steps but was overtaken by the Bare. I was my self down the creek and heard the deafening screams of the man, being the distance was so great I could not get there in time to save the man. It is easier to imagine his feelings than to describe them. But before I got to the place of action the Bare was killed.

It appears the man's head was in the Bare's mouth at least twice and when the monster gave the crash that was to smash the man's head it being too large for the span of his mouth the head slipped out—only the teeth tore the skin to the bone.

The Wounds Were Severe up as well as cold he done having no surgeon, the man still held his under standing but said I am dead I hear my skull break. He spoke cheerfully on the subject. He lived till the third day, after doing all we could for the man we turned our attention to the Bare and found him a large fat animal.

SEEKING ROOMS BY GASLIGHT.

Pastidious Requirements of People Who Rent Expensive Apartments. "There is no end to the troubles of the modern landlord," said the man with pronounced wrinkles, to a New York Press man. "What with the gas companies and prospective tenants, his days and nights are filled with woe. I believe those two forces of evil—the gas company and the possible tenants—are leagued against me. Anyhow, the situation is peculiar. One day a woman came to look at one of my most expensive apartments.

"The rooms seem very nice by day-light," she said, "but I couldn't think of taking the place until I find out how it looks at night. I'll come back this evening and see the decorations by gaslight."

"But the gas isn't turned on," I explained. "I'll bring in a few lamps. What do you just as well?"

"Not at all," said my possible tenant. "There is no comparison between the two kinds of light. I entertain a great deal and I couldn't possibly sign a lease for a place that doesn't look well when illuminated. Couldn't you get the gas turned on before night?"

"I explained that it was an universal rule of things to keep the gas meter at work in a room unoccupied, but rather than do such a good tenant as that woman promised to be, I moved heaven and earth and the gas company and got the illuminating power turned on. Since then I have learned, that most people who rent expensive apartments look upon seeing the rooms by night,

SPRAYS FORTY LANGUAGES.

Miss Colton Who Has Been "It" at the Hotel de Ville.

Miss Elizabeth Colton of Easthampton, Mass., returned to this country after a year's absence in India. She has acquired the honor of being known as the champion linguist of the world.

Miss Colton's father, the late Rev. A. M. Colton, was pastor of the First Congregational church at Easthampton for more than twenty-five years. When a young woman Miss Colton went abroad to study vocal music and later was teacher of this branch at the Farmington (Conn.) seminary for girls. During this time she first became interested in oriental languages through contact with several pupils from the far East. This interest soon became a passion, and she has since devoted most of her time to the acquisition of the different tongues. She has been for many years a fluent user of the



MISS ELIZABETH A. COLTON.

man's languages such as Italian, Spanish and French.

Her elementary training in the eastern languages was obtained in Yale college and she was looked upon as a prodigy there. During her studies at Yale she became acquainted with Prof. Frank K. Sanders, dean of the theological seminary, who had spent three years in India, and while in Berlin studying Miss Colton was invited to join him in a trip to India to engage in the study of Sanskrit and other eastern languages. They have been in the mountains on the borderland of Afghanistan, where the first articulate speech is supposed to have originated.

Miss Colton speaks forty languages fluently, including the most difficult in the world to learn, such as Chinese, Pali, Avestan, Sanskrit, Hebrew, Syriac, Armenian, Arabic and Persian. No other linguist has ever been known to speak more than thirty-three tongues.

EXILES' WORK IN SIBERIA.

Some Idea of What They Are Compelled to Do.

A letter dated August, 1907, on the Amir high road, once more directs attention to the sufferings of the thousands of exiles banished to Siberia. At the outset the writer explains that he formed one of a party of 120 exiles, twenty-three of them being state or political offenders detailed to work on the construction of the Kolesnaya (literally wheel road) and sent thither under Cossack escort from the penal settlement at Irkutsk, says the Russ. After describing the journey of the party to Baishan, a Cossack settlement on the Amur, he says: "One day, after a day's rest was allowed

as well as by day, before they will sign a lease; consequently I have to keep the gas going in all my vacant days. Such fastidiousness on the part of my tenants plays right into the hands of the gas company. No wonder I suspect that they may be working a partnership game."

A Memory of a Lost Delight.

A fireplace anyone may have, and to me the wonder is that our civilization has abolished the very soul from our Northern homes. Fire is no longer the joy of the household, but the slave, imprisoned in the cellar. Ah, but it was delicious when the old-fashioned family sat together in the great kitchen around the huge fireplace. All the evening we told stories, ate doughnuts, drank cider, all the time paring apples and hanging the long festoons of quarters from the beams. But the dear little mother, she it was who told the best stories while she was knitting mufflers and socks or mending our well-worn clothing. There were no parlors at all in those days, and as for thrummed pianos, we had not yet heard of them. At 9 o'clock, honest and drowsy, we knelt and thanked God for life and love and home. Our punts and beds and trundle beds were all in close proximity, and from every one of them we could see the flames still jumping up the chimney while the big firelog was slowly eaten through. There was not one millionaire in all the world, and indeed, we were not worried over the affair.—E. P. Powell, in Outlook Magazine.

He Met Shorty.

Nicknames are sometimes deceptive things, and they are oftentimes extremely funny. I was in a small town not many miles south of Boston, and, asking for a certain piece of information, I was informed by several that "Shorty" could give it to me, and he seemed to be the only man who could. Not knowing just what "Shorty" was, I made further inquiries, and was told that he could be found in the store just across the square.

"Just ask for 'Shorty,'" I was told. "Anyone will show him to you."

I went over to the store as directed and looked valiantly about for some one who might answer the name. Only one man was present, and he was almost a seven-footer. After looking about a moment I started to leave.

"Lookin' for some one, stranger?" he observed.

"Yes, I'm looking for 'Shorty,'" I told him.

A broad grin overspread his face. "Guess you've got him," he murmured. "I'm your man."—Boston Traveler.

People grow so suspicious with years that if a man hears that a brother he has not seen in twenty years is coming to see him, he says, "Now what does he want?"

FOUR GIRLS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.
For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulcerations, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, nervousness, prostration, etc. Why don't you try it?
Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address: Lynn, Mass.

The Best Part.
"Tommy, did you give your brother the best part of the apple, as I told you to?"
"Yes, sir. I gave him the seeds. He can plant them and have a whole orchard."

Furnish Your Home Without Cost

With Premiums Given FREE for CARTON TOPS and SOAP WRAPPERS taken from

"20-MULE-TEAM" Borax Products

SOME OF OUR PREMIUMS:

- Leather Goods, Pocket Books, Purse, Hand Bags, Canteens, Suit Cases, Trunks, Collared and Cuff Cases, Traveling Bags, Totes and Sewing Cases, Rain Coats, Umbrellas and Rubber Goods.
- Jewelry, Clocks, Watches, Chains, Rings, Photo Albums, Barrettes, Hair Combs, Bracelets, Neck Chains, etc.
- Silverware, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets, Mugs, Dishes, Plates, Cups, Saucers, Spoons, Forks, Knives, and other articles.
- Glassware, Napkins, Vases, Spoon Holders, Caddies and Salad Bowls, Bon Bon Dishes, Punch Sets, Tumblers, Goblets, etc.
- Canned Goods, Canned Fruit, Canned Meat, Canned Vegetables, Canned Soups, Canned Milk, etc.
- Stationery, Pens, Pencils, Notebooks, etc.
- Books, Maps, Globes, etc.
- Games, Card Games, Chess, Checkers, etc.
- Tools, Hardware, etc.
- Electrical Goods, Radios, etc.
- Books, Maps, Globes, etc.
- Games, Card Games, Chess, Checkers, etc.
- Tools, Hardware, etc.
- Electrical Goods, Radios, etc.

Send for 40 Page Free Catalogue Listing Over 1000 Articles Given Free for Presents.

ADDRESS: Pacific Coast Borax Co., Chicago

See you can get a splendid present for 100 or less (Cupful) value represented by Carton Tops and Soap Wrappers.

160 FARMS Western Canada FREE

Illustration Showing Mixed Farming done in Western Canada

SOME OF THE CHOICEST LANDS FOR GRADE GROWING, STOCK RAISING AND MIXED FARMING IN THE NEW DISTRICTS OF SASKATCHEWAN AND ALBERTA HAVE RECENTLY BEEN OPENED FOR SETTLEMENT UNDER THE REVISED HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS

Entry may now be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader. Thousands of homesteads of 160 acres each are now easily obtainable in these great grain-growing, stock-raising and mixed farming sections.

These you will find beautiful climate, good neighbors, churches for family worship, schools for your children, good laws, splendid crops, and railroads connecting with the markets.

Entry for each case is \$10.00. For pamphlet, "Last Best West," particulars as to routes, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or C. J. Houghton, Room 430, Quincy Building, Chicago, Ill.; P. J. Holmes, 25 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.; or J. McLaughlin, 4 Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Mich.; T. O. Currie, Room 12, 36 Calhoun Block, Milwaukee, Wis.; H. H. Rogers, 1000 Commercial Building, Indianapolis, Ind.; Authorized Government Agents.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Pantine TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy growths and diseases, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicide, disinfectant and deodorizer of exceptional excellence and economy. Available for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and other secretions. At drug and toilet stores, or by mail. Large Trial Sample.

\$16 AN ACRE WAS REALIZED

On a Crop in Western Canada Last Year—Another Farmer, Realizes \$22.50 per Acre from His Wheat Crop.

Charles McCormick, of Kenilworth, Manitoba, writes:

"During the season of 1907 I had 100 acres in crop on the S. W. quarter of section 18, township 33, range 27, west of the Principal Meridian, Western Canada, yielded as follows:

Eighty acres at 22 bushels per acre, which I sold for 90 cents per bushel, and 20 acres oats yielding 40 bushels per acre I sold for 35 cents per bushel, so that my total crop realized \$2,004. From this I deducted for expenses of threshing, hired help, etc., \$400, leaving me a net profit on this year's crop of over \$1,600."

Thomas Sawatzky, of Horbort, Saskatchewan, says:

"The value of my crop per acre of wheat is \$22.50. I threshed 1,750 bushels of wheat from 70 acres, and was offered 90 cents a bushel for it; oats, 15 acres, 500 bushels, and barley, 5 acres, 50 bushels. I do not know if I have been doing the best in this district, but I know if all the farmers were doing as well, Western Canada would have no kick coming as far as grain growing is concerned; and I further say that if you want to put this in one of your advertisements, this is true and I can put my name to it."

Her Grievance.

"My daughter," said the caller, "you may stop my paper."

"It doesn't fit your pantry shelves, perhaps, ma'am," said the editor of the Spiketown "Blizzard," sarcastically.

"That hasn't got nothing to do with it," "You've found that you can borrow it from a neighbor hereafter?"

"That ain't the reason, neither."

"Possibly you don't like the editorial policy of the paper."

"No, sir; I don't. My nephew was arrested last week for stealin' a hog, and you didn't say a word about it."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous membrane of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a humming sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed the deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be restored; and this is the only way to cure deafness.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for Circular.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Stayer.

"Mildred," said the prudent mamma, "I want you to treat Mr. Ketchley, who called on you last evening, with some consideration and respect. He may not be particularly handsome or attractive, but he is sensible, well connected, highly successful in business, and is regarded as one of the coming men."

"I wouldn't mind his being one of the coming men," said Miss Mildred, "if it didn't take him so long to go."

Enthusiasm Cocooned—Custard Pie.

Everybody praises Cocooned—Custard Pie. It is a great treat, but a soggy pie will spoil the entire meal. Grocers are now selling "CUSTARD" each 10-cent package containing just the proper ingredients for two pies. Get the Custard for Cocooned—Custard Pie. Put up by D-Zetta Co., Rochester, N. Y.

His Idea of One.

The teacher in the "Darktown" school was hearing the class in geography.

"What is known as the Great Divide?" she asked.

"Cuttin' a big watermelon!" answered little "Hassus" with a grin that showed all his ivory.

He Made Good.

"What's become of that little chameleon Mandy had?" inquired Rufus.

"Oh, de fool chile done lost him," replied Zeke. "She was playin' wit' him one day, puttin' him on red to see him turn blue, an' on blue to see him turn green, an' so on. Den de fool gal, not satisfied wit' lettin' well enough alone, went an' put him on a plaid, an' de poor little thing went an' bust himself tryin' to make good."—Everybody's Magazine.

Aiming and Hitting.

Mr. Kidder—I think a woman's club, to be successful, should aim at something far removed from feminine suffrage.

Miss Strong—I don't agree with you, sir. That should be its sole object.

Mr. Kidder—Yes, but it's more likely to hit that object if it aims at something else.—Philadelphia Press.

The right hand, which is more sensitive to the touch than the left, is less sensitive than the latter to the effect of heat and cold.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

275 "Guaranteed"

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

HUNDREDS DROWNED IN COLLISION AT SEA

Steamers Crash Off Japanese Coast and Majority on the Matsuo Perish.

287. ALL TOLD ON BOARD.

Survivors Saved by the Hideyoshi—Ten Are Lost in Ferry Boat Accident in Germany.

Two hundred and seventy-five persons were drowned in a collision between two large Japanese coasting steamships, one of them crowded with passengers. The collision occurred before dawn in a dense fog. The 3,000-ton Matsuo Maru of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha line was the vessel struck, being struck by the Hideyoshi Maru, and going down within a short time. It is definitely known that the Matsuo Maru carried forty-three sailors and 244 passengers, and nearly all of these perished.

The scene of the collision was within a few miles of the reef on which the Dakota, one of the biggest of the American owned Pacific liners, was sunk a year ago. It is in a dangerous and difficult part of the Hokkaido straits, near the city of Hakodate, and just south of the northernmost of the Japanese group of islands.

According to advices from Hakodate, the passengers were all sound asleep when the crash came, and terrible scenes of panic ensued. The Matsuo began to settle rapidly, and the boats were prepared for launching. Owing to the darkness and the wild panic among the passengers, however, little could be done. The Hideyoshi, though herself badly damaged, stood by and put out boats to save what survivors she could, but the Matsuo sank within ten minutes after the collision.

The Hideyoshi's boats crashed around until after dawn, but succeeded in picking up few survivors. Another steamer stood

by and gave what help could be given. When the naval authorities at Hakodate were notified, they dispatched several fast destroyers at top speed for the scene of the wreck, in hope of giving assistance. The Hideyoshi was badly damaged, but no one is believed to have been lost on that ship. The captain and all the members of the crew are Japanese.

Fifty Years in Lighthouse.

Miss Ida Lewis, the only woman in charge of an American lighthouse, and who has been at Lime Rock lighthouse, in Newport (R. I.) harbor, for over fifty years, is thinking seriously of taking a vacation. When one considers the fact that in fifty long years she has never passed a night away from her isolated home, it will be seen that the vacation will be quite a stupendous undertaking. Miss Lewis is suffering from nervousness and loss of sleep. Last fall she received from the American Cross of Honor Society at Washington its cross of honor and membership in the order. She is the first American woman to receive such an honor.

Since then Miss Lewis has received a pension from the Carnegie hero fund for saving eighteen lives. She celebrated her 65th birthday anniversary very quietly last month. She is assisted by her brother, Rudolph Lewis, in caring for the lighthouse.

The Comic Side of The News

The moving picture combine is a new nickel treat.

Two Hungarian counts in the Vanderbilt family. They always did want it all.

Col. John Temple Graves says women should get men's wages. Chorus—"Don't they?"

A weather bureau doesn't necessarily imply that it knows anything about the weather.

The Prosperity Convention ought to make the country feel better and get out of the "dumps."

In that auto endurance test it is a case of the race being to the strong, rather than to the swift.

Looks funny to see old Colonel Georgia standing up at the drug store fountain, drinking soda water.

Between moonshiners and night-riders the moon doesn't shine so peacefully on the old Kentucky home.

When a man reads the figures on the Panama canal he finds there is one thing more expensive than being married.

The members of a railroad camp in North Carolina killed their cook because he didn't suit. What an example!

A 13-year-old girl declares she stole \$1,500 in one day in Philadelphia. She ought to be ashamed of robbing a sleeping city.

They took a New York bank clerk to an insane asylum because he thought his salary was too big. And who can blame him!

Although he married seven women, Carl Valheim was sentenced in London to serve 25 years for blackmail. That seems like piling it on!

A California court has decided that a peddler is not obliged to dodge an automobile. No, he can get smashed to smithereens, if he likes.

GATORS' HOME TO BE KEEN.

Florida's Governor Digs Canals in Test to Drain Everglades.

In the belief that it is possible to drain the everglades, thus wiping out of existence the world's greatest habitat of alligators, and to convert the millions of acres of swamps into the garden spot of the earth, Governor W. B. Broward of Florida is trying to reclaim 10,000 acres of these lands as a test. He is carefully watching two large dredges that are slowly digging a sixty-foot canal preliminary to reclamation work. Experts, both in this country and in Europe, to whom samples of the soil of the everglades were submitted for analysis, pronounced it the richest in the world. They returned a similar verdict on sugar cane raised on land reclaimed from the everglades.

Sugar imported into this country is valued at \$150,000,000 a year. Governor Broward, using the experts' data, figured that \$150,000,000 worth of sugar could be produced on 500,000 acres of the Everglades. That would leave over 2,000,000 acres for the production of other things. With this bonanza in sight, he set about to have the lands drained. He was confronted with almost overwhelming opposition. Railroads held grants for more land than is owned by the State, and they claimed the Everglades.

Governor Broward's plan was to drain Lake Okechobee, which would require a canal about fifty miles long. His effort to get from the people authority to raise money enough to carry out that project was defeated. He then undertook the carrying out a lesser project. It is proving a complete success, and will, he says, convince the people of the wisdom and practicability of the big plan.

The work being done consists in running two canals to Pine Island, which is three miles long, three-quarters of a mile wide, and lies four miles from New River. One canal will extend to the northern and the other to the southern point of the island.

This will make 10,000 acres of land available for cultivation. Engineers say the canals will be completed in the fall. Each canal is sixty feet wide and ten feet deep.

Land already drained has been sold for from \$15 to \$20 an acre, and the

money has been applied to the fund for digging the canals. The governor says the Everglades can be reclaimed at a cost of not over \$1 an acre. Estimates of the value of the land range from \$20 to \$100 an acre.

Rare Art Secrets Revealed.

Collectors of rare violins and other musical instruments are much interested in the recently tested claim of Prof. John Horvath of Philadelphia that he had discovered the secret of Stradivarius, whose violins now command fabulous prices. According to Horvath, it is all in the varnish and after years of experimentation he has produced the varnish. Before a company of experts and musicians he compared the tone effects of two violins treated with his varnish, one a \$2 affair in use and the other a \$22 instrument just out of the factory, with a number of rare and costly violins. His triumph exceeded all expectations for the treated instruments equaled the best. The next step will be to give a number of treated violins a six months' test.

Embezzlements in 1907.

The record of embezzlement, forgery, defaulting and bank robbing continues large, though the total for 1907 is smaller than that of 1906, which was the largest since 1894. The total for 1907 is \$10,424,820. Banks and trust companies are the worst sufferers, their losses being \$4,083,007. Public officials have been comparatively honest, having abstracted only \$787,406. The summary of embezzlements, etc., by years, from 1894 to 1906, is as follows:

1894	10,224,112	1901	4,983,580
1895	9,224,203	1902	5,706,122
1896	9,402,521	1903	6,842,123
1897	11,248,084	1904	4,742,207
1898	8,831,525	1905	6,013,172
1899	2,218,375	1906	14,736,623
1900	4,500,134	1907	10,424,820

New Uses of Concrete.

The Cement Age says that the experiment of the Lackawanna railroad with concrete car bumpers has been tried with great success. They are of monolithic construction, with a granite block face to receive the blow of the car buffer. The rails of the rounded project into the concrete, so that the impact force reacts against the weight of the car. The same authority tells of the successful operation of an immense fly wheel, or rather two of them, made of re-enforced concrete, in a pumping station near Johannesburg, South Africa. Each weighs 6,000 pounds and is 14 feet in diameter. The difficulty and expense of transporting iron led to this surprising use of concrete.

County Loses Money.

Under a decision of the District Court, St. Louis county must pay into the Minnesota State treasury \$17,107.74 tax money lost through the failure of banks in 1894 and 1895. The county must also stand the loss of State funds which had been forwarded to the State treasurer on tax settlements. The county will appeal to the Supreme Court.

Five Detroit women formed a stock club in January, 1907. A baby has come to each of them since that time.

Plans have been completed by the Dead Wood Business Club for the organization of a company with \$100,000 capital that will remodel the old foundry of the Black Hills Manufacturing Company, which was burned down more than a year ago.

The directors of the St. Paul Commercial Club have adopted a resolution requesting Congress to increase the annual appropriation for the improvement of the Mississippi river from Minneapolis to the mouth of the Missouri from \$200,000 to \$2,000,000. It is urged that this sum be appropriated annually for at least ten years.

The Evolution of Household Remedies.

The modern patent medicines based on the natural outgrowth of the old-time household remedies.

In the early history of this country, EVERY FAMILY HAD ITS HOME-MADE MEDICINE. Herb teas, bitters, liniments and ointments, were to be found in almost every home, compounded by the housewife, sometimes assisted by the apothecary or the family doctor. Such remedies as pills, which was aches and pains, dissolved in apple brandy. Sometimes a hop tonic, made of whiskey, hops and bitter bark. A score or more of popular, home-made remedies were thus compounded, the formulas for which were passed along from house to house, sometimes written, sometimes verbally communicated.

The patent medicine business is a natural outgrowth from this wholesome, old-time custom. In the beginning, some enterprising doctor, impressed by the usefulness of one of these home-made remedies, would take it up, improve it in many ways, manufacture it on a large scale, advertise it mainly through almanacs for the home, and thus it would become used over a large area. LATTERLY THE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY BUSINESS TOOK A MORE KEEN AND SCIENTIFIC FORM.

Peruna was originally one of these old-time remedies. It was used by the Menomonee, of Pennsylvania, before it was offered to the public for sale. Dr. Hartman, THE ORIGINAL COMPOUNDER OF PERUNA, is of Menomonee origin. First he prescribed it for his neighbors and his patients. The sale of it increased, and at last he established a manufactory and furnished it to the general drug trade.

Peruna is useful in a great many climatic ailments, such as colds, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, and catarrhal diseases generally. THOUSANDS OF FAMILIES HAVE LEARNED THE USE OF PERUNA and its value in the treatment of these ailments. They have learned to trust and believe in Dr. Hartman's judgment, and to rely on his remedy, Peruna.

Pleasant for James.

When Mr. Ransom won his bride he felt properly humble at securing such a prize, and in the after years Mrs. Ransom never allowed him to lapse into forgetfulness of her condescension. "You really cared for me, I'm sure," said Mr. Ransom. "That is a great comfort—to think I didn't urge you against your wishes."

"James," said Mrs. Ransom, in a tone suited to her imposing and somewhat massive appearance, "how could you ever doubt my affection? Have I not told you that I had proposals from men who were brilliant, handsome and talented, and passing them all by, James, I chose you?"

LANGUID AND WEAK.

A Condition Common with Kidney Trouble and Backache.

Mrs. Marie Sipple, 410 Miller St., Helena, Mont., says: "Three years ago my back grew weak and lame and I could not stoop without a sharp pain. It was just as bad when I tried to get up from a chair. I was languid and listless and had much pain and trouble with the kidneys. This was my state when I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me from the first and four boxes made a complete, lasting cure."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Its Evolution.

Friend—How did you come to write that "best seller"? The Modern Literary Gent—First I was struck by a thought, I epitomized the thought, sketched the epigram, played the sketch, novelized the play and advertised the novel!—Puck.

There is Only One "Bromo Quinine"

That is Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.

E. W. Grove

FURIOUS NUMBER OF CHILD.

Itching, Bleeding, Pains Covered Body—Nothing Helped Him—Cuticura Cures Her in Five Days.

"After my granddaughter of about seven years had been cured of the measles, she was attacked about a fortnight later by a furious itching and painful eruption all over her body, especially the upper part of it, forming watery and bleeding sores, especially under the arms, of considerable size. She suffered a great deal, and for three weeks we nursed her every night, using all the remedies we could think of. Nothing would help. We tried the Cuticura Remedies and after twenty-four hours we noted considerable improvement, and after using only one complete set of the Cuticura Remedies, in five consecutive days, the little one, much to our joy, had been entirely cured, and has been well for a long time. Mrs. F. Buefenght, R. F. D. No. 3, Bakerfield, Cal., June 25 and July 20, 1906."

Feeding of House Dogs.

No dog kept indoors and indeed very few outside, should be fed on meat, nor should he be fed from the table at meal times, as he will soon become a nuisance, especially when there are visitors, says Suburban Life. If he is always fed at the conclusion of a certain meal—dinner, for instance, he will wait patiently until the prescribed time. It is a good plan to feed after one's midday meal, giving plenty of green vegetables, bread and potatoes, with a very few scraps of finely cut meat, the whole well mixed and some gravy poured over it. If two meals are given, one should be at breakfast time and one in the evening. One should consist of only a little oatmeal and milk or a piece of dry dog biscuit.

At no time should the dog have more than he will eat, and if he leaves anything on his plate except the pattern, his allowance should be reduced or a meal omitted.

Boett's Eye Salve 100 Years Old.

relieves tired eyes, quickly cures eye icks, inflamed, sore, watery or ulcerated eyes. All druggists or Hovart Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

In a big mass of clear amber, dredged up out of the Baltic sea recently, there was distinctly visible in its interior a small squirrel—fur, teeth and claws intact.

There is need for Garfield Tea when the skin is sallow, the tongue coated, and when headaches are frequent.

In Germany there are fewer suicides among miners than among any other class of workmen.

Habitual Constipation

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs and Elixr of Figs, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed as the best of remedies, when required, are to assist nature and not to supplant the natural functions, which must depend ultimately upon proper nourishment, proper efforts, and right living generally. To get the beneficial effects, always buy the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixr of Figs.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY

SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS

one size only, regular price 50¢ per bottle

"OUCH" OH, MY BACK

IT IS WONDERFUL HOW QUICKLY THE PAIN AND STIFFNESS GO WHEN YOU USE

ST. JACOBS OIL

THIS WELL-TRIED, OLD-TIME REMEDY FILLS THE BILL 25¢—ALL DRUGGISTS—50¢.

CONQUERS PAIN

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

\$300 SHOES AT ALL

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

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W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

Buy the New Royal Sewing Machine

Equal to any made.
For Sale and fully warranted by O. Palmer.

MICHIGAN STATE LAND OFFICE.

Lansing, March 28, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that the following described ABANDONED TAX LANDS, heretofore deeded to the state by the Auditor General under the provisions of Section 24 of Act No. 208 of the Public Acts of 1893 and acts amendatory thereto, have been withdrawn from Homestead entry, by the Auditor General and the Commissioner of the State Land Office under the authority conferred upon them by Act 141 of the Public Acts of 1901, appraised and will be placed in the market by offering them for sale at a public auction to be held at the State Land Office in the City of Lansing, on Thursday, May 7, 1908, at ten o'clock a. m., at which time they will become subject to purchase in the manner prescribed by law.

WILLIAM H. ROSE,
Commissioner.
Crawford County.

Description	Section	Range	Town
Outlot No. 1	3	25N	1W
Outlot No. 2	3	25N	1W
Outlot No. 3	3	25N	1W
Outlot No. 4	3	25N	1W
n. 1/2 of s. 1/2	10	25N	1W
n. 1/2 of s. 1/2	11	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	12	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	13	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	14	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	15	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	16	25N	1W
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s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	28	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	29	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	30	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	31	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	32	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	33	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	34	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	35	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	36	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	37	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	38	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	39	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	40	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	41	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	42	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	43	25N	1W
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s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	74	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	75	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	76	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	77	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	78	25N	1W
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s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	96	25N	1W
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s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	99	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	100	25N	1W

Description	Section	Range	Town
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s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	3	25N	1W
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s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	97	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	98	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	99	25N	1W
s. 1/2 of s. 1/2	100	25N	1W

Description	Section	Town	Range
n.e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	12	27N	4W
s. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	12	27N	4W
n.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	12	27N	4W
s. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	12	27N	4W
n.e. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	12	27N	4W
s. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	12	27N	4W
n.w. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	22	27N	4W
s.w. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	22	27N	4W
n.w. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	24	27N	4W
n.w. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	29	27N	4W
n.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	30	27N	4W
n.e. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	26	27N	4W
s.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	26	27N	4W
s.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	36	27N	4W
s.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	1	28N	1W
e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	1	28N	1W
n.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	1	28N	1W
n.w. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	2	28N	1W
n.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	2	28N	1W
s.e. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	8	28N	1W
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s.w. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	21	28N	1W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	22	28N	1W
e. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	22	28N	1W
s.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	23	28N	1W
s. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	23	28N	1W
n. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	23	28N	1W
s.e. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	23	28N	1W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	29	28N	1W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	31	28N	1W
n. 1/2 of n.w. 1/4	31	28N	1W
n.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	32	28N	1W
s.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	34	28N	1W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	35	28N	1W
n.e. 1/4	35	28N	1W
n.e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	35	28N	1W
s. 1/2 of n.w. 1/4	35	28N	1W
s.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	36	28N	1W
s.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	36	28N	1W
n.e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	36	28N	1W
s.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	36	28N	1W
n.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	36	28N	1W
w. 1/2 of n.w. 1/4	4	28N	2W
w. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	4	28N	2W
e. 1/2	5	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of n.w. 1/4	5	28N	2W
n.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	6	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of s.e. 1/4	6	28N	2W
e. 1/2	7	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of n.w. 1/4	7	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	8	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	8	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	8	28N	2W
n.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	8	28N	2W
n. 1/2 of s.e. 1/4	9	28N	2W
n. 1/2 of s.e. 1/4	9	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4	9	28N	2W
Entire	16	28N	2W
e. 1/2	16	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	17	28N	2W
n. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	17	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4	17	28N	2W
w. 1/2	18	28N	2W
n.e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	19	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	20	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	20	28N	2W
n. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	20	28N	2W
w. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	20	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4	20	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	21	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	21	28N	2W
w. 1/2	21	28N	2W
w. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	21	28N	2W
w. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	23	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	27	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	28	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4	28	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	28	28N	2W
s. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	28	28N	2W
lot No. 2	28	28N	3W
lot No. 3	28	28N	3W
s.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	28	28N	3W
s.w. 1/4	29	28N	2W
n. 1/2 of s.e. 1/4	29	28N	2W
s.w. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	29	28N	2W
n.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	30	28N	2W
n.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	30	28N	2W
s.w. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	30	28N	2W
w. 1/2 of n.w. 1/4	31	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	31	28N	2W
w. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	31	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	31	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	31	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	32	28N	2W
s. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	32	28N	2W
w. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	32	28N	2W
s.w. 1/4	34	28N	2W
n. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	36	28N	2W
n. 1/2 of n.w. 1/4	36	28N	2W
n.w. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	36	28N	2W
s.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	36	28N	2W
Entire	1	28N	3W
e. 1/2 of s.e. 1/4	2	28N	3W
s.w. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	2	28N	3W
e. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	11	28N	3W
s. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	11	28N	3W
s.e. 1/4	11	28N	3W
n.e. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	12	28N	3W
w. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	12	28N	3W
w. 1/2	12	28N	3W
s.e. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	12	28N	3W
n.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	12	28N	3W
s.w. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	12	28N	4W
n.e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	13	28N	4W
w. 1/2 of s.w. 1/4	13	28N	4W
s.w. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	14	28N	4W
s.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	19	28N	4W
s.e. 1/4 of n.w. 1/4	23	28N	4W
e. 1/2 of n.e. 1/4	27	28N	4W
s.w. 1/4 of n.e. 1/4	27	28N	4W
n.e. 1/4 of s.w. 1/4	28	28N	4W
s.w. 1/4 of s.e. 1/4	35	28N	4W

Sale of State Tax Lands.

Auditor General's Department.
Lansing, April 1, 1908.

NOTICE is hereby given that certain lands situated in the County of Crawford bid off to the State for taxes of 1904 and previous years, and described in statements which will be forwarded to the office of the Treasurer of said County, and may be seen at said office previous to the day of sale, will be sold at public auction by said Treasurer, at the County Seat on the first Tuesday of May next, at the time and place designated for the Annual Tax Sale, if not previously redeemed or cancelled according to law. Said statements contain a full description of each parcel of said lands.

JAMES B. BRADLEY,
Auditor General.

Rabbit's Motherly Devotion.
A trapper calling his mounds at Leeds town, Conn., came upon a rabbit's surprise box, little ones, and lying on her side to do so, while the evildoer, in excruciating pain, her two forelegs were broken and bleeding, and scarcely held in a steel trap.